

Ambient Intelligence

- Building Automation for Energy Saving -

Prof. Adolfo Bauchspies

LARA- Automation and Robotics Laboratory
 Departamento de Engenharia Elétrica
 Universidade de Brasília - Brazil



Summary

1 – AmI Concept

2 – Building Automation

3 – Wireless Automation

4 – Some LARA Projects

- Energy Saving
- Thermal Comfort
- Hybrid Climatization
- Wireless Networked Control
- User Tracking (AmI)

5 – Perspectives



Ipê Amarelo – Brazilian National Tree

Ambient Intelligence

Environments that provide **services** to the users of an ambient through an *almost invisible* wireless **sensor and actuator network**

Environments that are sensitive and responsive to the **presence of people**



Source: Fraunhofer-Vernbiund Münchenelektronik

<http://perso.limsi.fr/jps/enseignement/examsma/2004/BHATTI/>

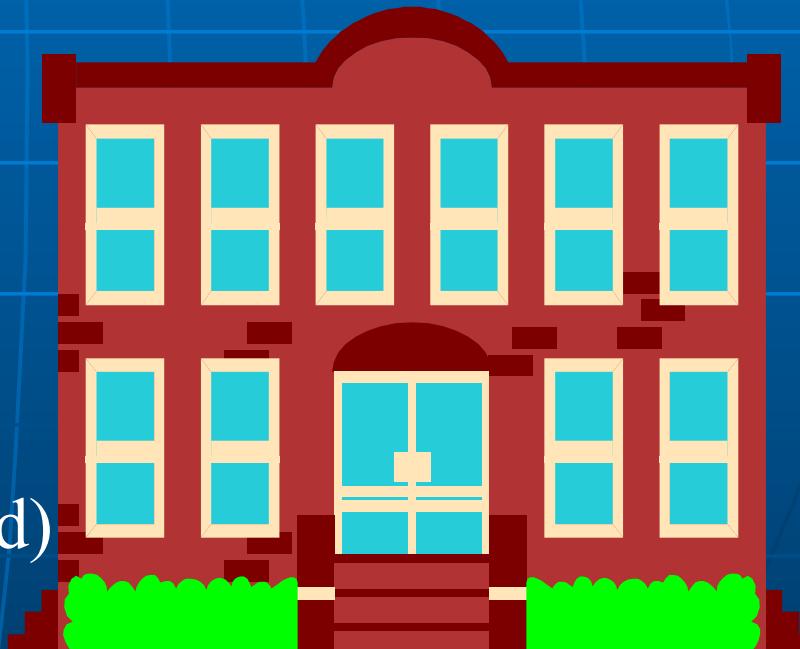
Building Automation- Objetives

- Access Control
- Fire Detection
- Comfort (Productivity)
 - temperature, humidity,... (PMV)
 - illumination,
 - waiting time for elevators, ...
- Health issues
 - air quality (renovation, filters...)
 - CO₂
- Energy Saving



Building Automation- Technologies

- Supervision, Control, Data Acquisition (SCADA)
- Human-Machine Interface (HIM)
- Programmable Logical Controllers (PLC)
- Network
 - Cabled
 - PLC
 - Wireless
- Devices
 - Modularity (Easy to expand)
 - Interoperability



Automation Systems

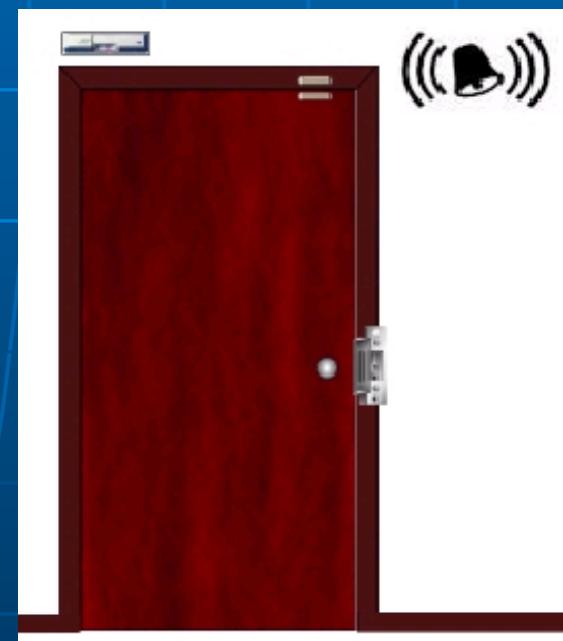
- Energy Management
- Illumination
- Access Control
- Vertical Transport
- Fire Detection and Alarm
- Air Conditioning
- Hydraulic Management
- Closed Circuit TV



Building Automation- Examples

Brazil: security > comfort

- Access Control – proximity technologies (RFID), biometry (fiber, iris, face recognition, hand geometry);
- CFTV – transmission technologies: wired, IP, Optical Fiber, Radio Frequency



Energy Saving Market

Considering ~100 buildings in Brasil
(Airport, Hospitals, Hotels, Public Buildings, Shopping Centers etc.)

Final Usage	Médium Electrical Energy Consumption		
	<i>Small Size</i>	<i>Médium Size</i>	<i>Large Size</i>
<i>Ar Conditioning</i>	62,9 %	56,0%	48,6%
<i>Illumination</i>	28,8 %	32,0%	18,5%
<i>Elevators</i>		3,5%	10,4%
<i>Pumping</i>	-	0,3%	2,5%
<i>CPD's, computers</i>	7,0 %	8,0%	16,0%
<i>Others</i>	1,3 %	0,2%	4,0%
TOTAL	100,0 %	100,0%	100,0%

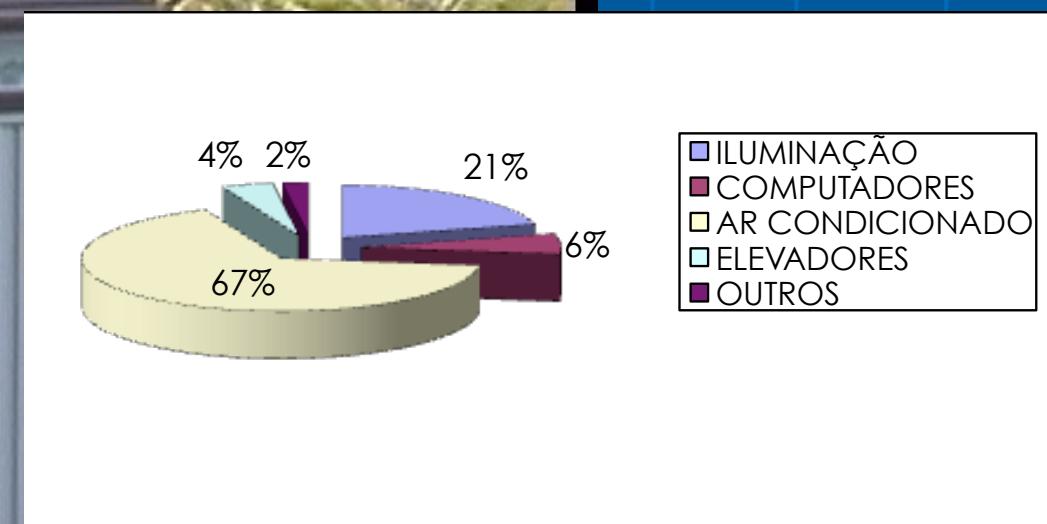
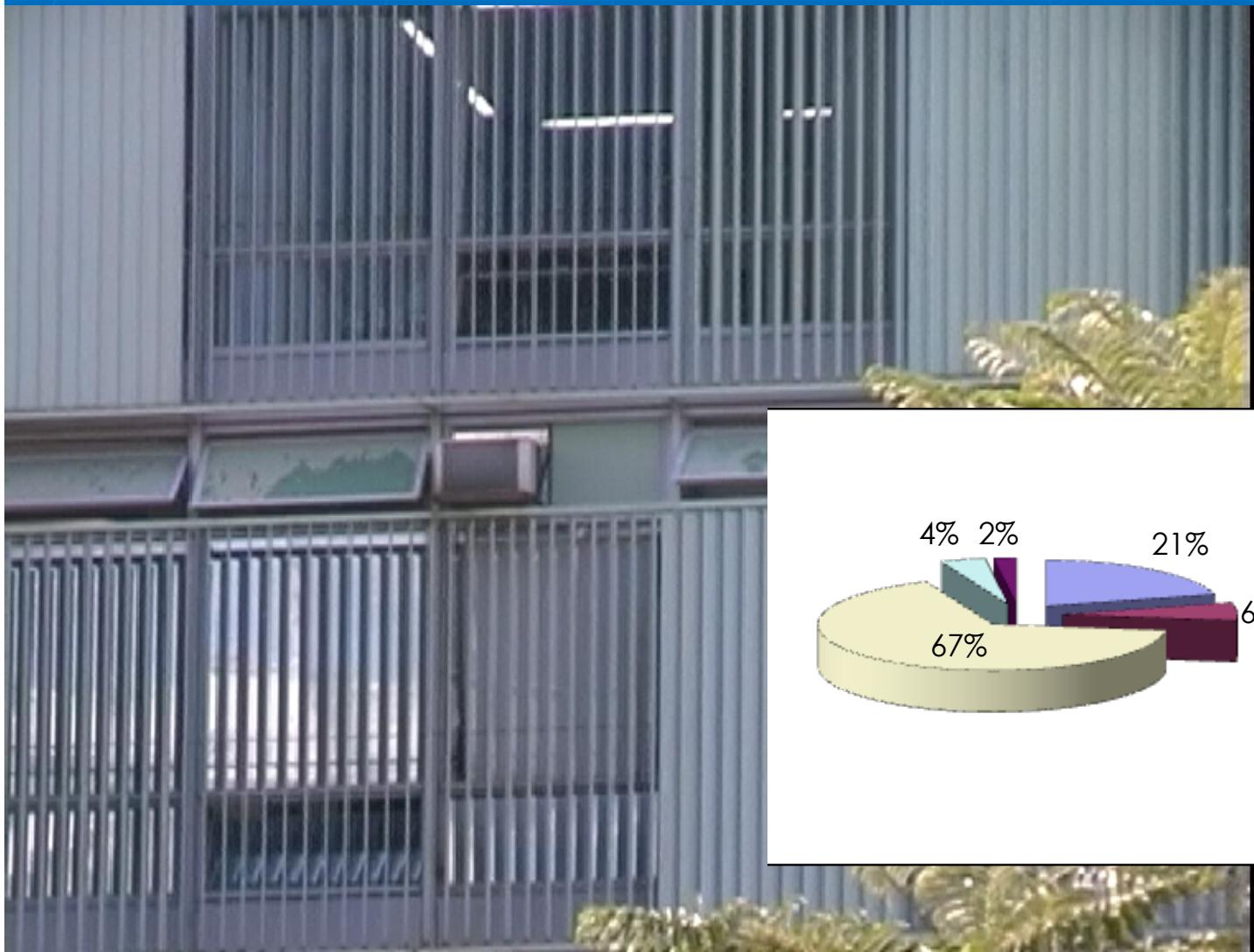
Metroquattro,2002

Saving Potential - Air conditioning ~ 30%
- Illumination ~ 45%

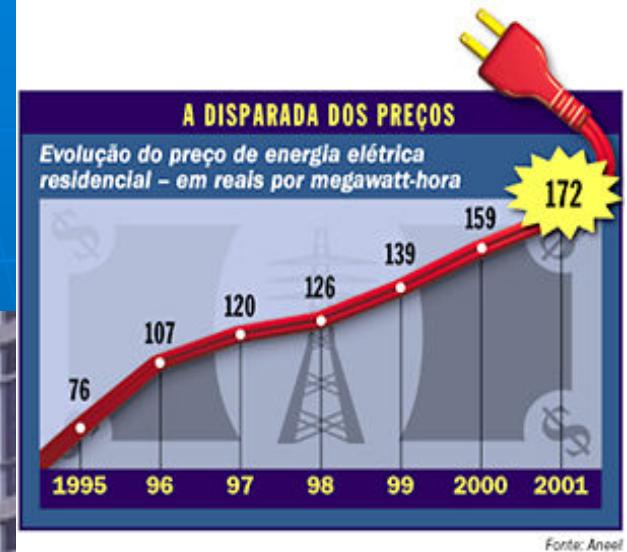


Example of a Ministry Building

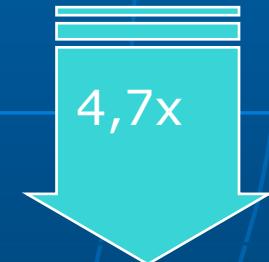
- Brasília -



Energy Prices



R\$/KWh
0,076 (1995)



0,36 (2004)
0,38 (2014)

Building Automation

Design Considerations

Supervision

Command

**SCADA – Supervisory Control
and Data Acquisition**

Supervision

Remote Monitoring of Events

- Digital Signals
 - State of Equipments (On / Off);
 - Heating of a Transformer;
 - Level of a Reservoir (Max / Min);

- Analog Signals
 - Position of a conveyor belt;
 - Temperature of a Transformer;
 - Volume of a Reservoir;

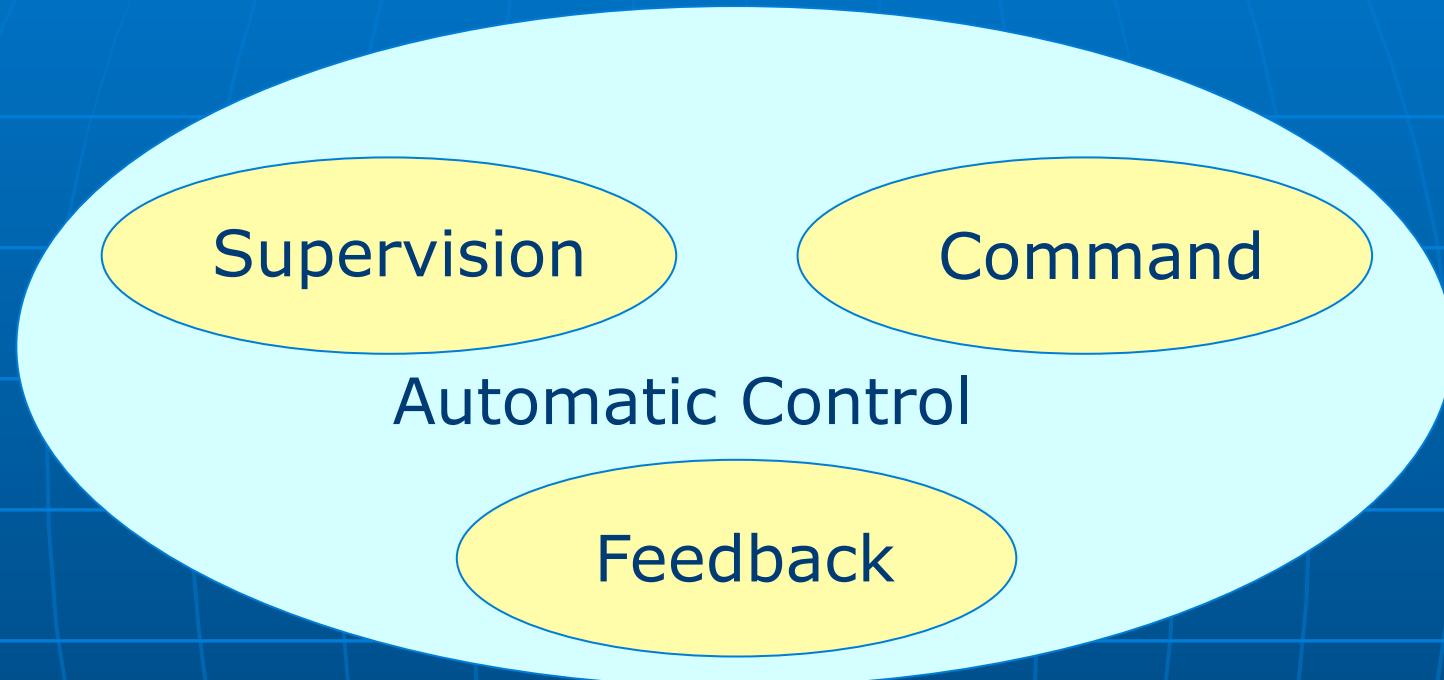


Command

Remote Acting of a Equipment

- Digital Command
 - Turn on Ilumination Circuit;
 - Turn off water pressurization pump;
 - Turn on sewage pumping;
- Analog Command
 - Put ilumination at 40% power;
 - Start water pump with 30% power;
 - Enhance pressure by 20%;

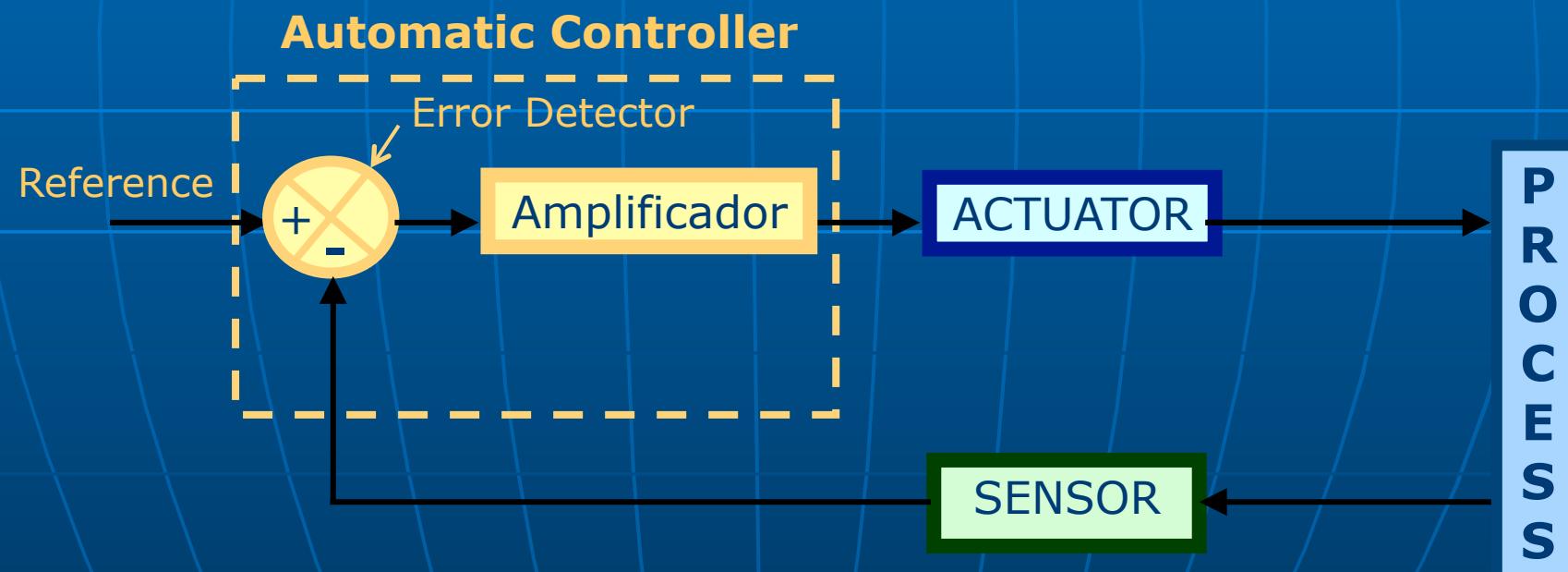




Automatic Control

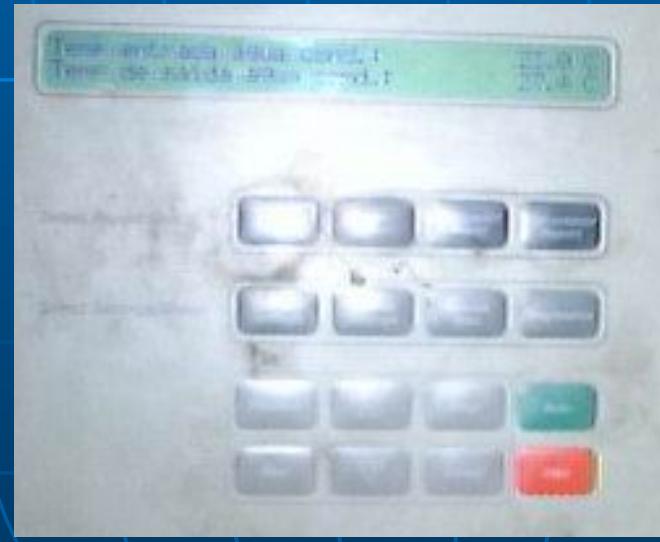
Keep a process variable at the reference value

“Compare reference and measured value then act”

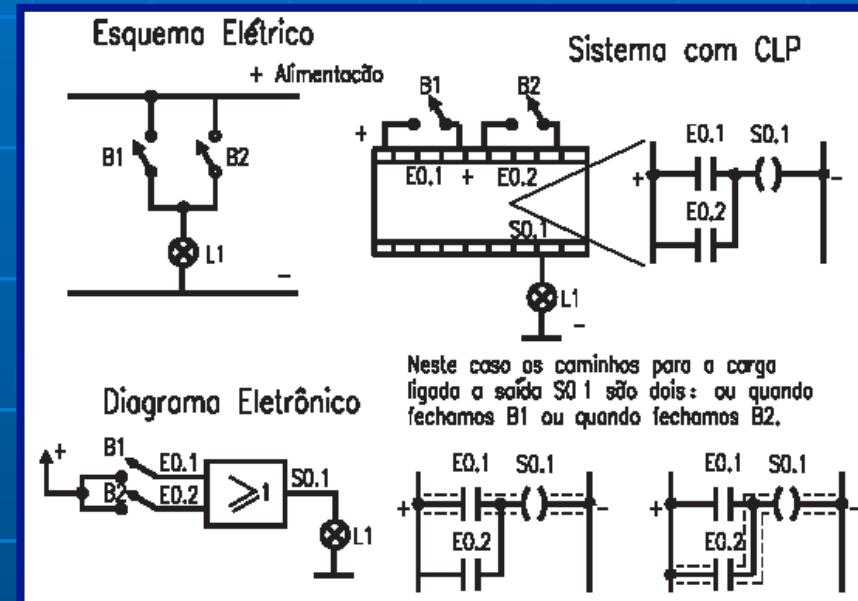
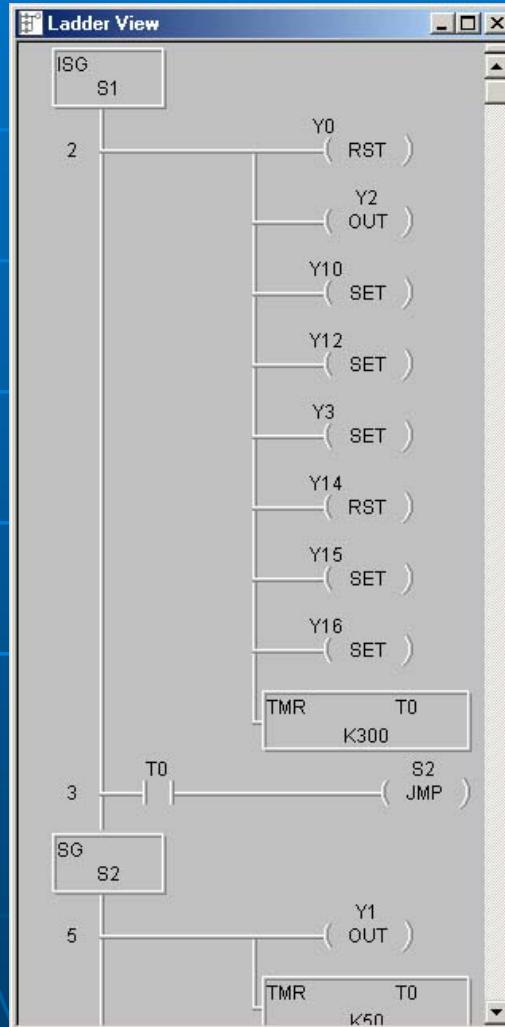


Human-Machine Interface

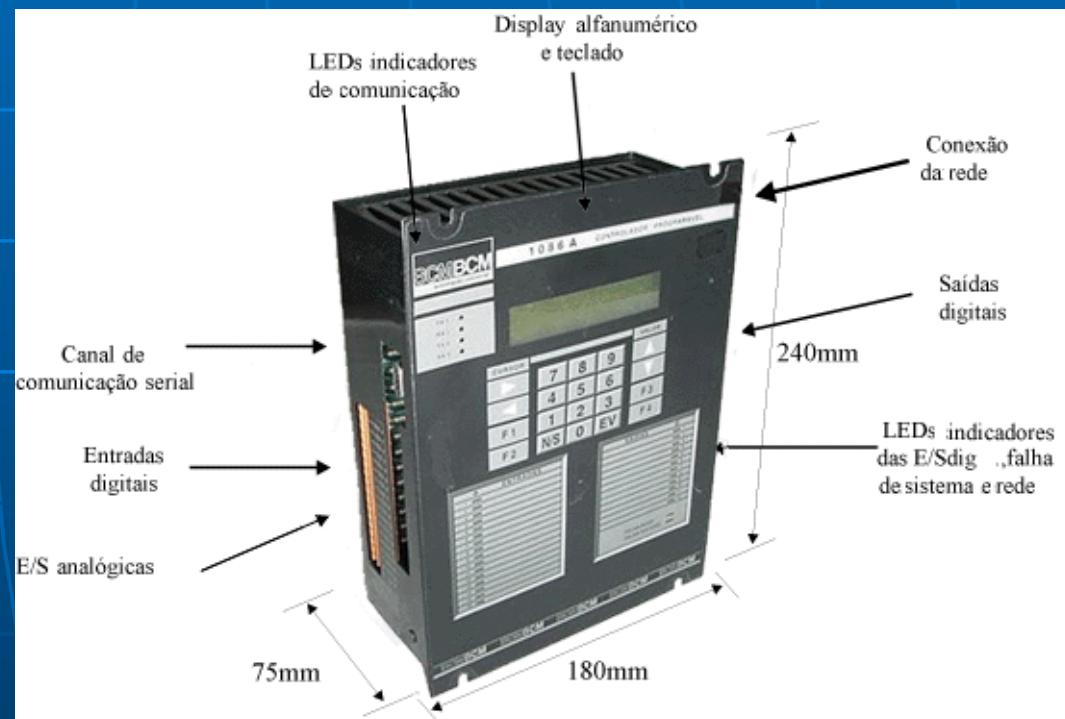
- Keyboard;
- Alpha-Numeric Display;
- Sinoptic Panel;



Programmable Logic Controller



PLC - Electrical Peak Demand Control

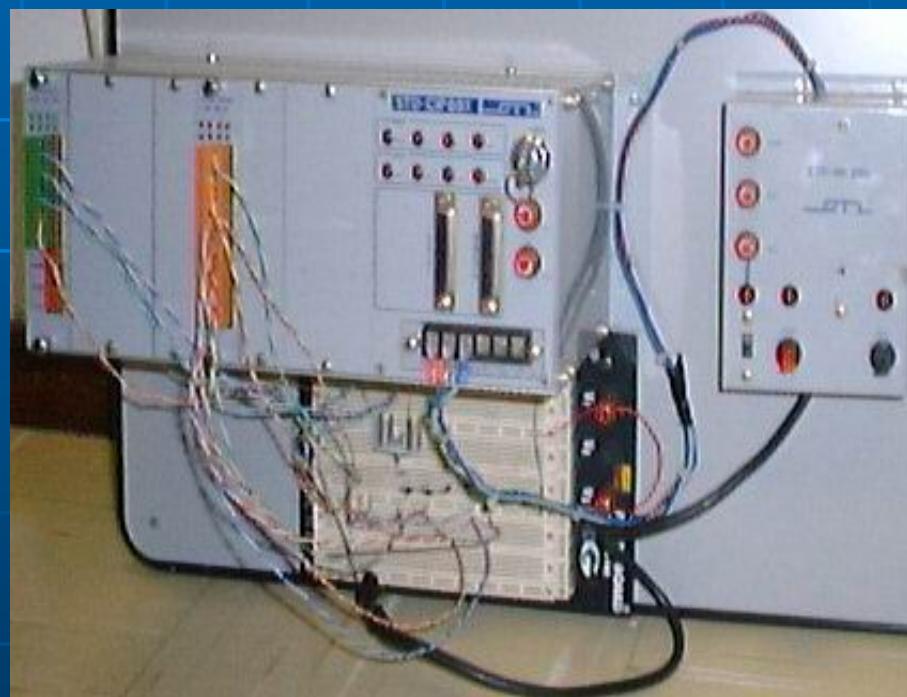
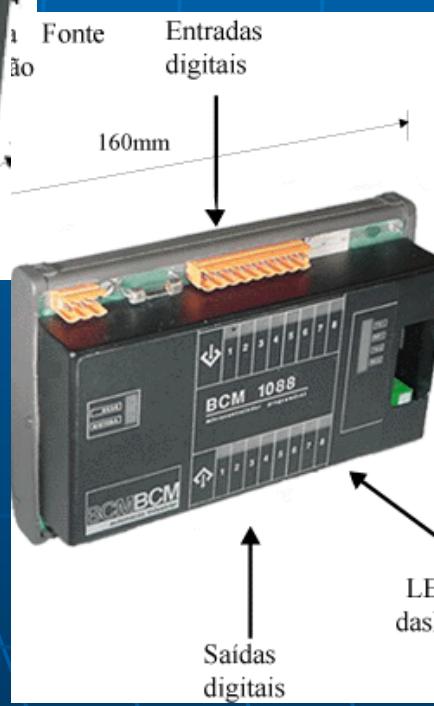


PLC - Automatic Control

Building Cooling Unit

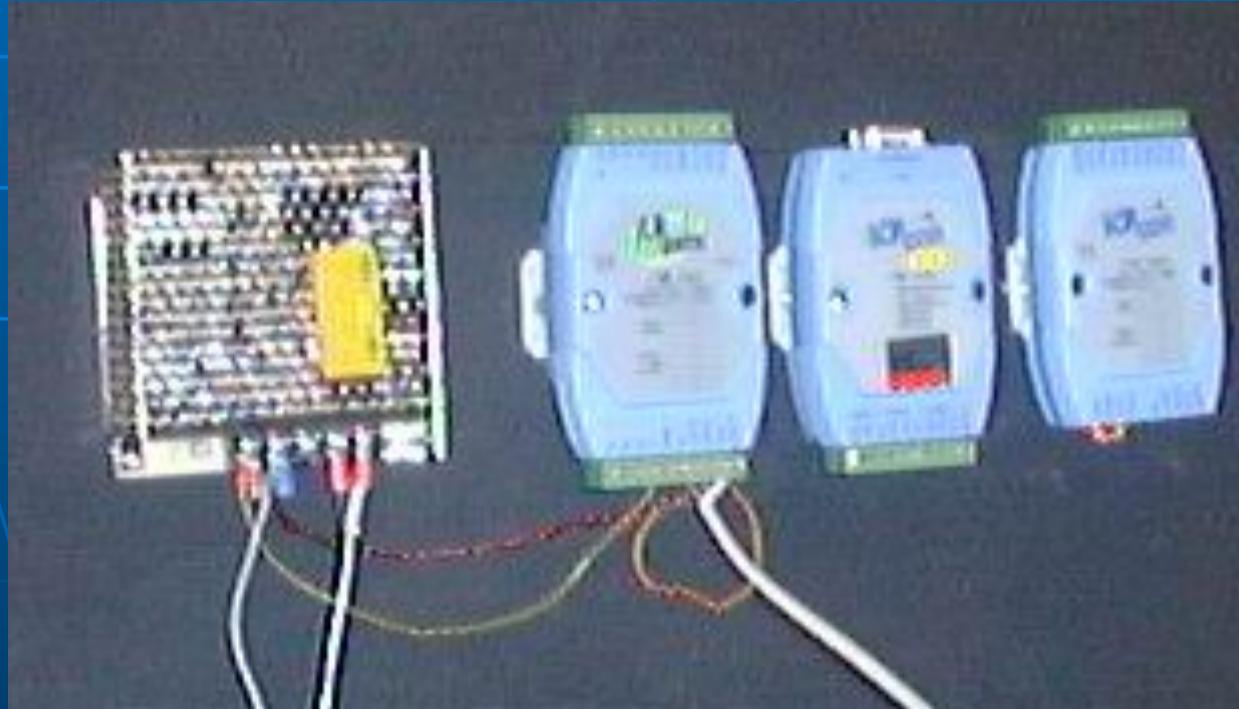


Some PLCs.br

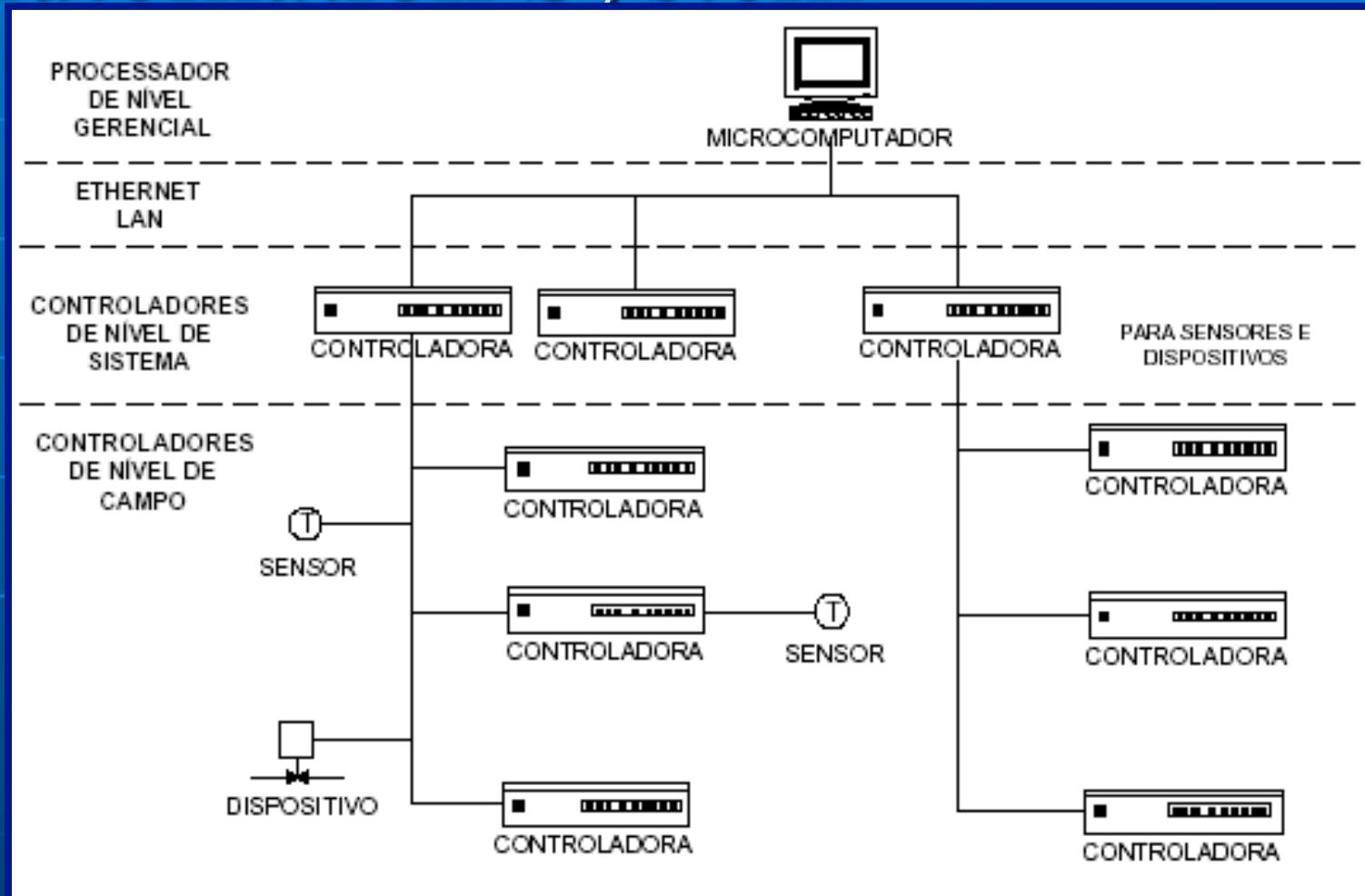


Micro CLPs

■ Acquisition and Control Modules



Automation System



Some examples of Human-Machine Interface



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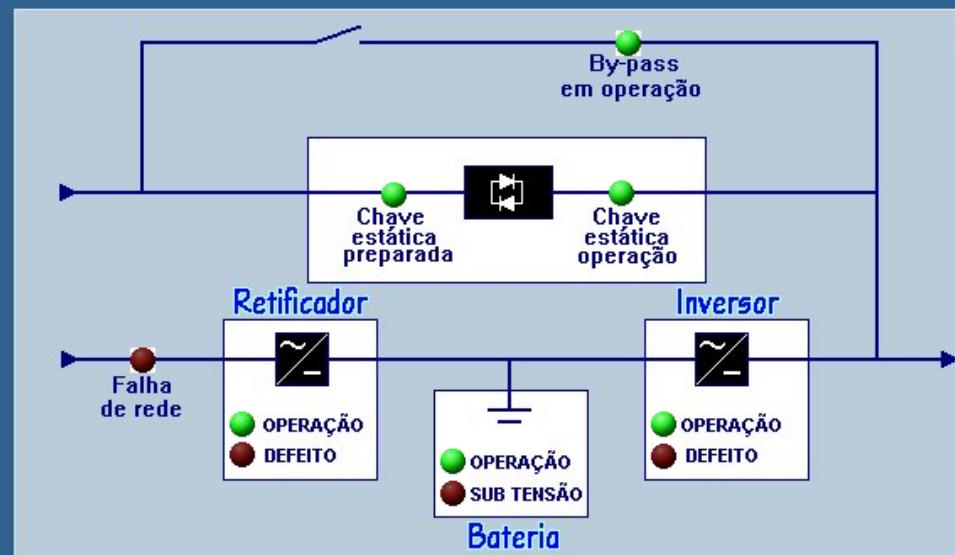
MENU PRINCIPAL

- Sistema Hidráulico
- Energia Lopes Quintas
- Energia Von Martius
- **No - Break**
- Relatórios
- Envia Setpoint
- Alarmes
- Elevadores
- Bancos de Capacitores
- Início
- **Sair**

13/8/02 1:41

Sistema de Controle de Energia

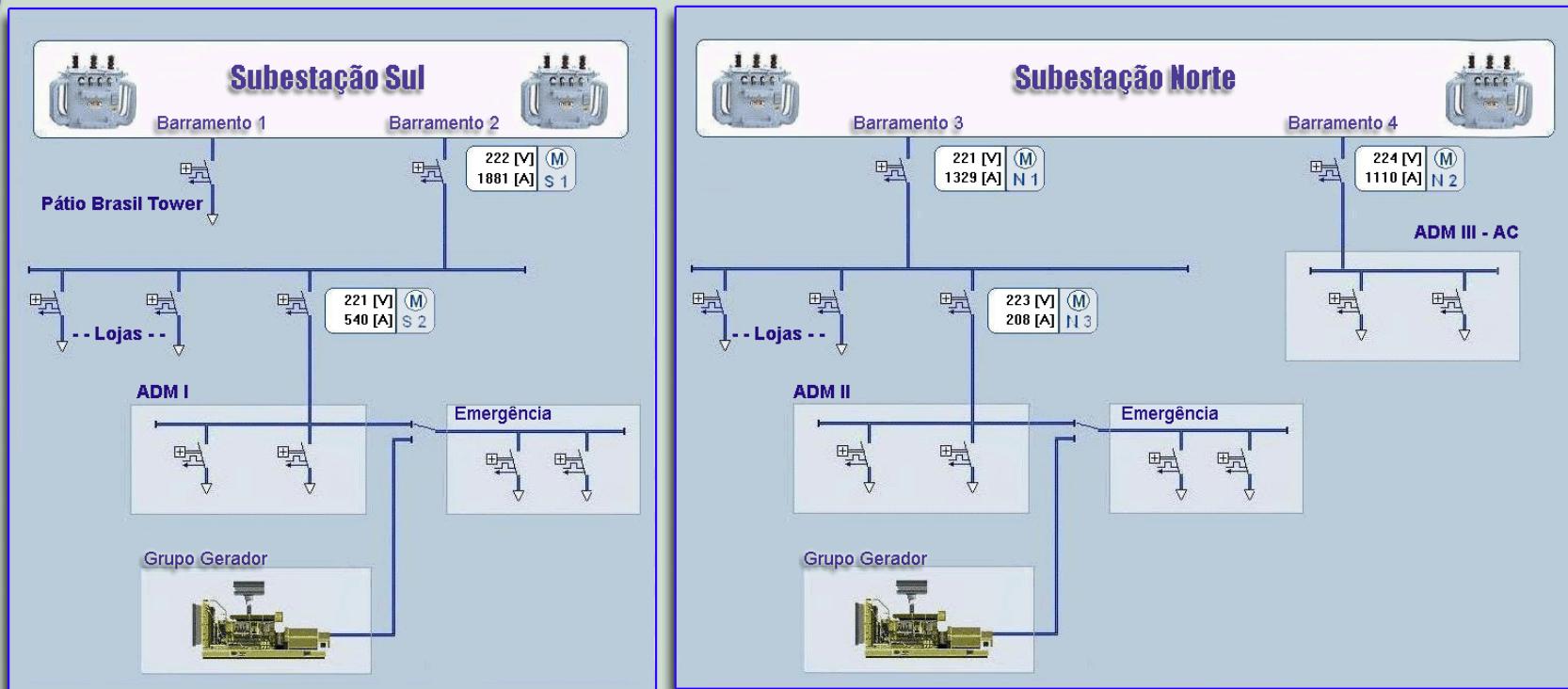
Controle No Break Basys / Von Martius Cobertura



Controle No Break Basys / Von Martius Térreo



Energia Elétrica - Circuitos Alimentadores



Alimentador Sul - M S1				ADM I - Medidor M S2				Alimentador Norte - M N1				ADM II - Medidor M N3				ADM III (AC) - Medidor M N2				
	[V]	[A]	FP	[kW]		[V]	[A]	FP	[kW]		[V]	[A]	FP	[kW]		[V]	[A]	FP	[kW]	
FASE R	220	1930	0,89	378130	220	589	0,83	107742	220	1027	0,80	180481	221	211	0,95	44343	224	1090	0,97	236051
FASE S	222	1841	0,88	358394	222	519	0,80	92869	221	1436	0,91	288350	224	184	1,00	41140	224	1161	0,95	248133
FASE T	222	1872	0,88	364930	222	511	0,79	89937	222	1526	0,90	305239	223	227	0,97	48998	225	1080	0,95	229506
MÉDIA	222	1881	0,88	101455	221	540	0,81	290548	221	1329	0,88	774071	223	208	0,97	134481	224	1110	0,96	713690

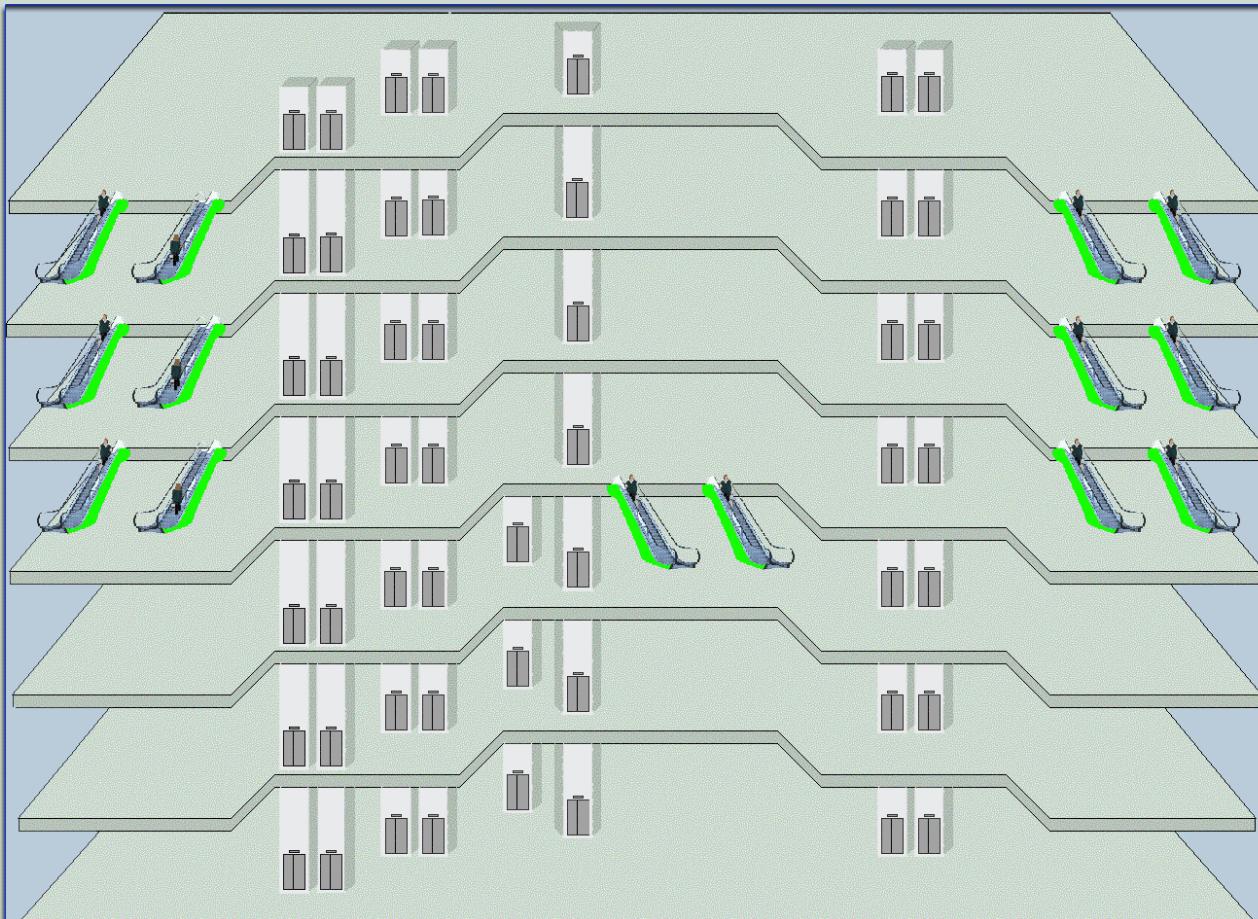


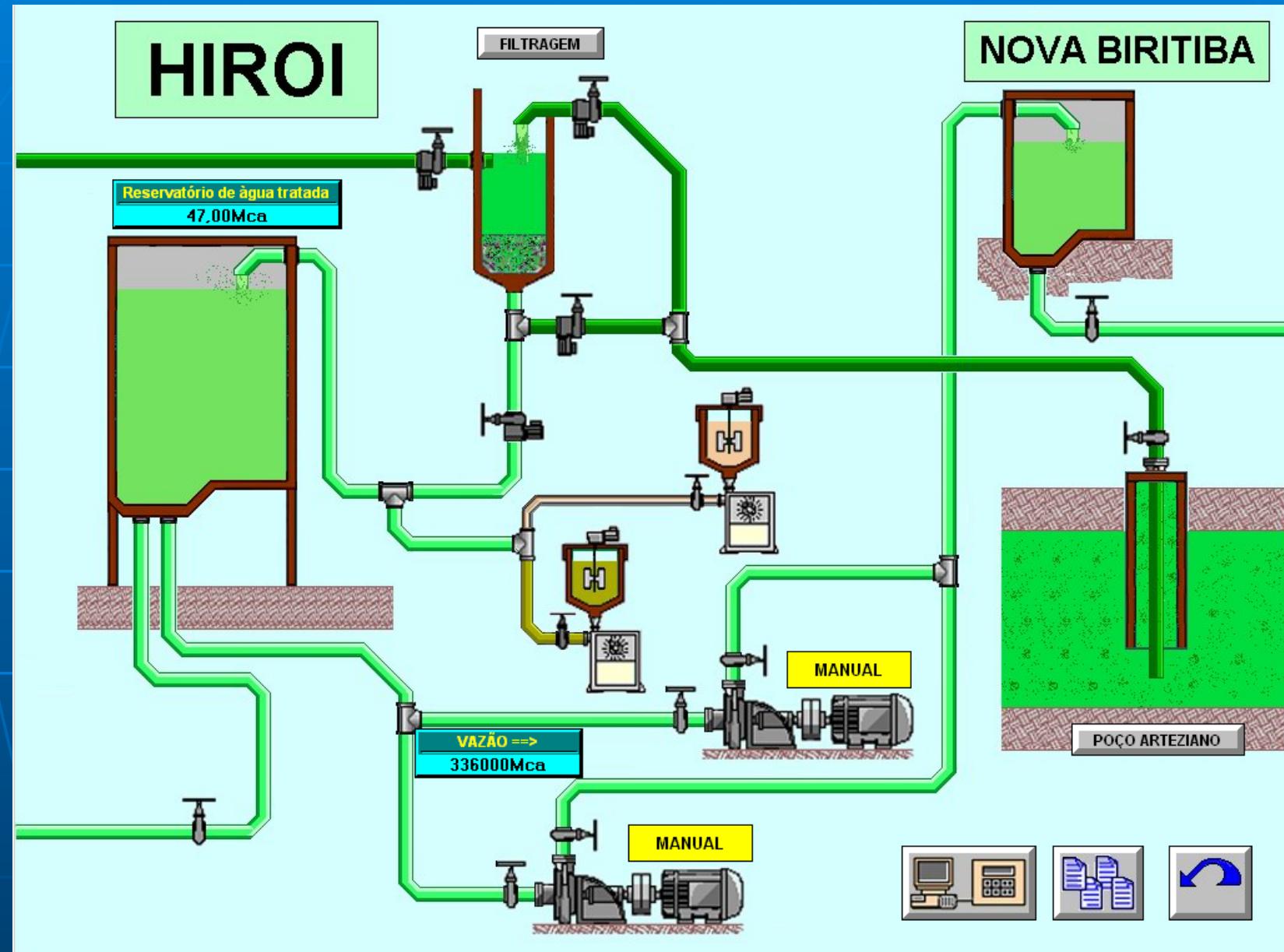
Transportes Verticais - Elevadores e Escadas Rolantes



PRINCIPAL

DESLIGADO





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Sistema de Controle de Energia

MENU PRINCIPAL

- Sistema Hidráulico
- Energia Lopes Quintas
- Energia Von Martius
- No - Break
- Relatórios
- Envia Setpoint
- Alarms**
- Elevadores
- Bancos de Capacitores
- Início
- Sair

13/8/02 1:42

Alarmes Ativos

dd/mm/yy hh:mm:ss	Estado	Alm	Comentário
13/08/02 01:42:07	UNACK	Fotor de Potência	
13/08/02 01:38:27	UNACK		
13/08/02 01:38:27	UNACK		
13/08/02 01:38:27	UNACK		
13/08/02 01:38:27	UNACK	Demand Min	

Históricos de Alarmes

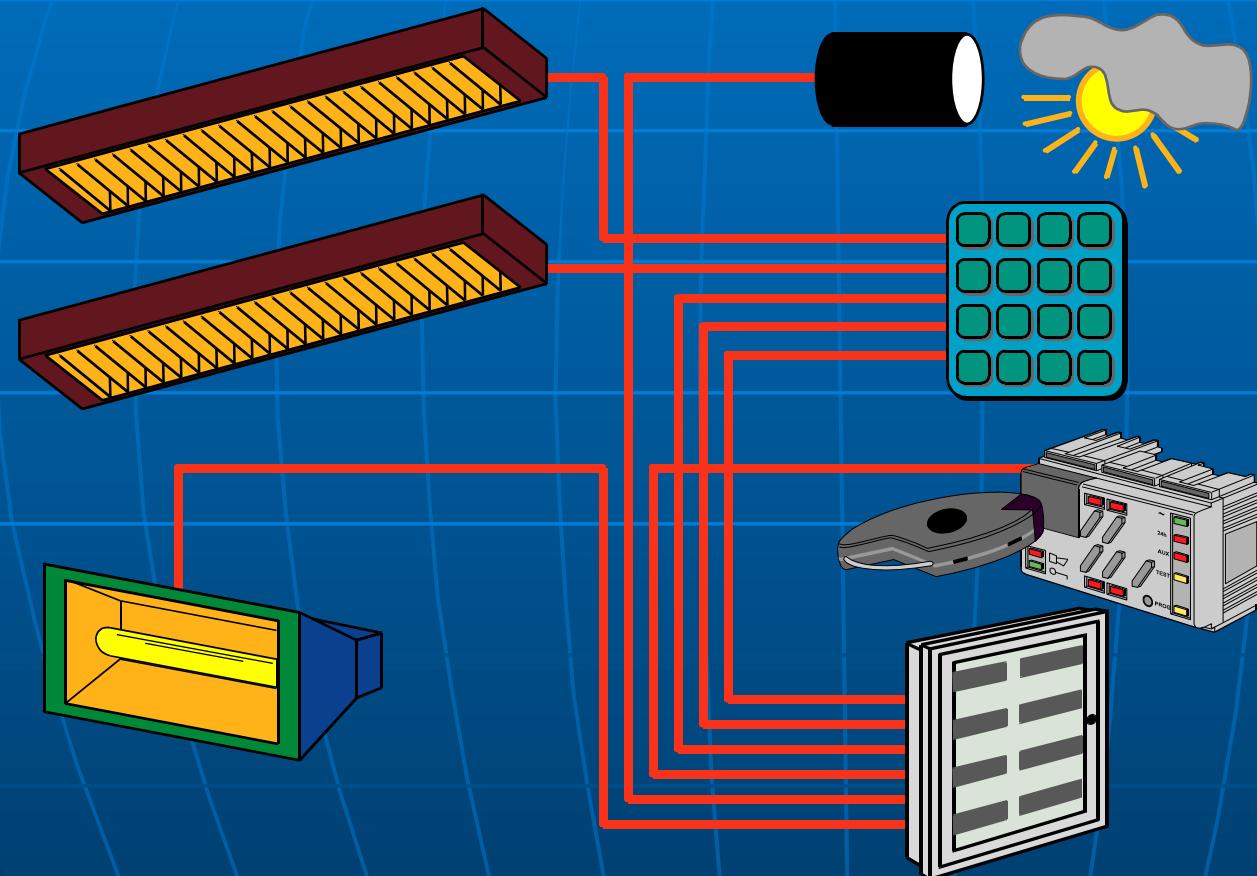
dd/mm/yy hh:mm:ss	Estado	Alm	Comentário
13/08/02 01:42:07	UNACK	Fotor de Potência	
13/08/02 01:41:57		Retornou ao Valor Normal	
13/08/02 01:41:47	UNACK	Fotor de Potência	
13/08/02 01:41:37		Retornou ao Valor Normal	
13/08/02 01:41:27	UNACK	Fotor de Potência	
13/08/02 01:41:17		Retornou ao Valor Normal	
13/08/02 01:41:08	UNACK	Fotor de Potência	
13/08/02 01:40:57		Retornou ao Valor Normal	
13/08/02 01:40:47	UNACK	Fotor de Potência	
13/08/02 01:40:37		Retornou ao Valor Normal	
13/08/02 01:40:27	UNACK	Fotor de Potência	
13/08/02 01:40:17		Retornou ao Valor Normal	



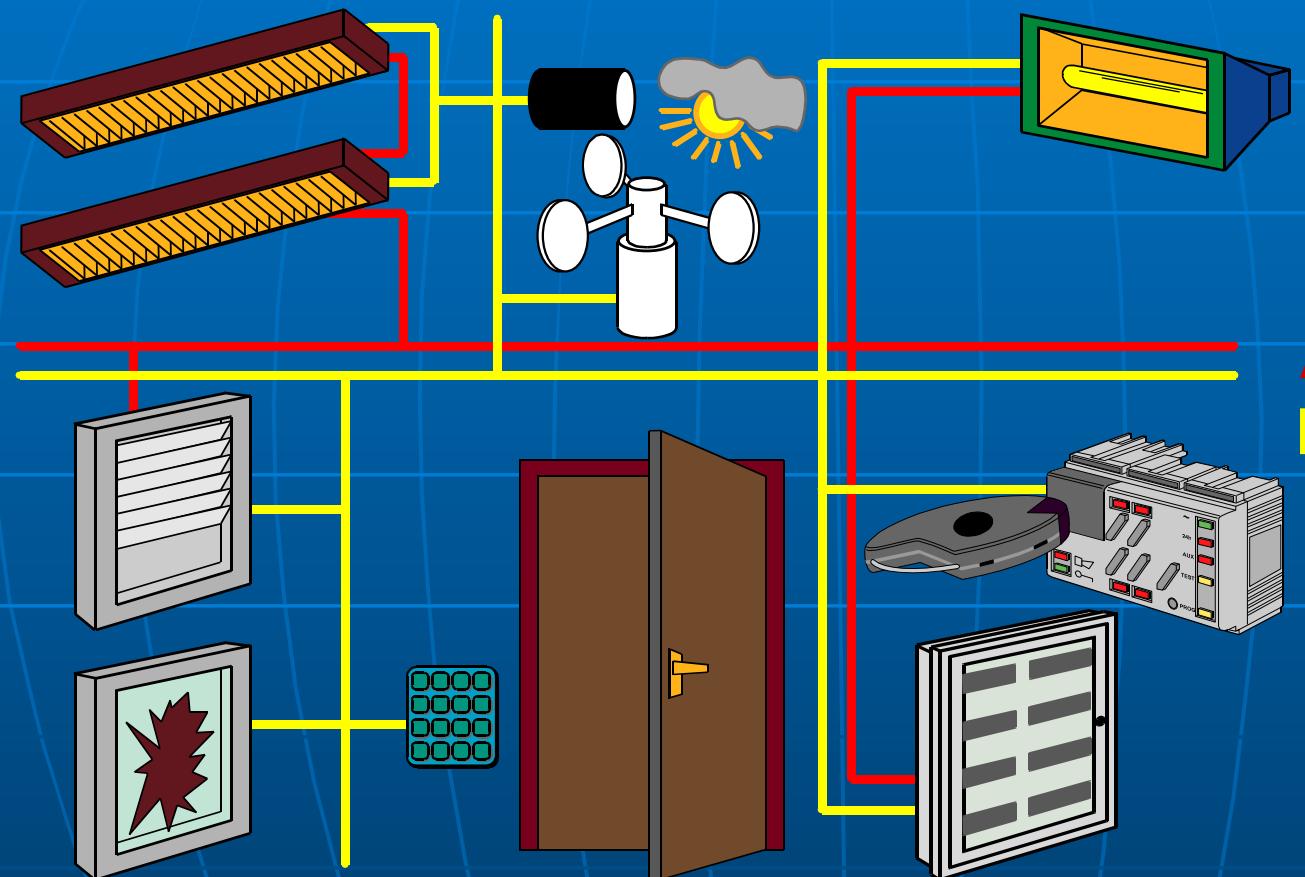


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Traditional Connection



Bus Connection

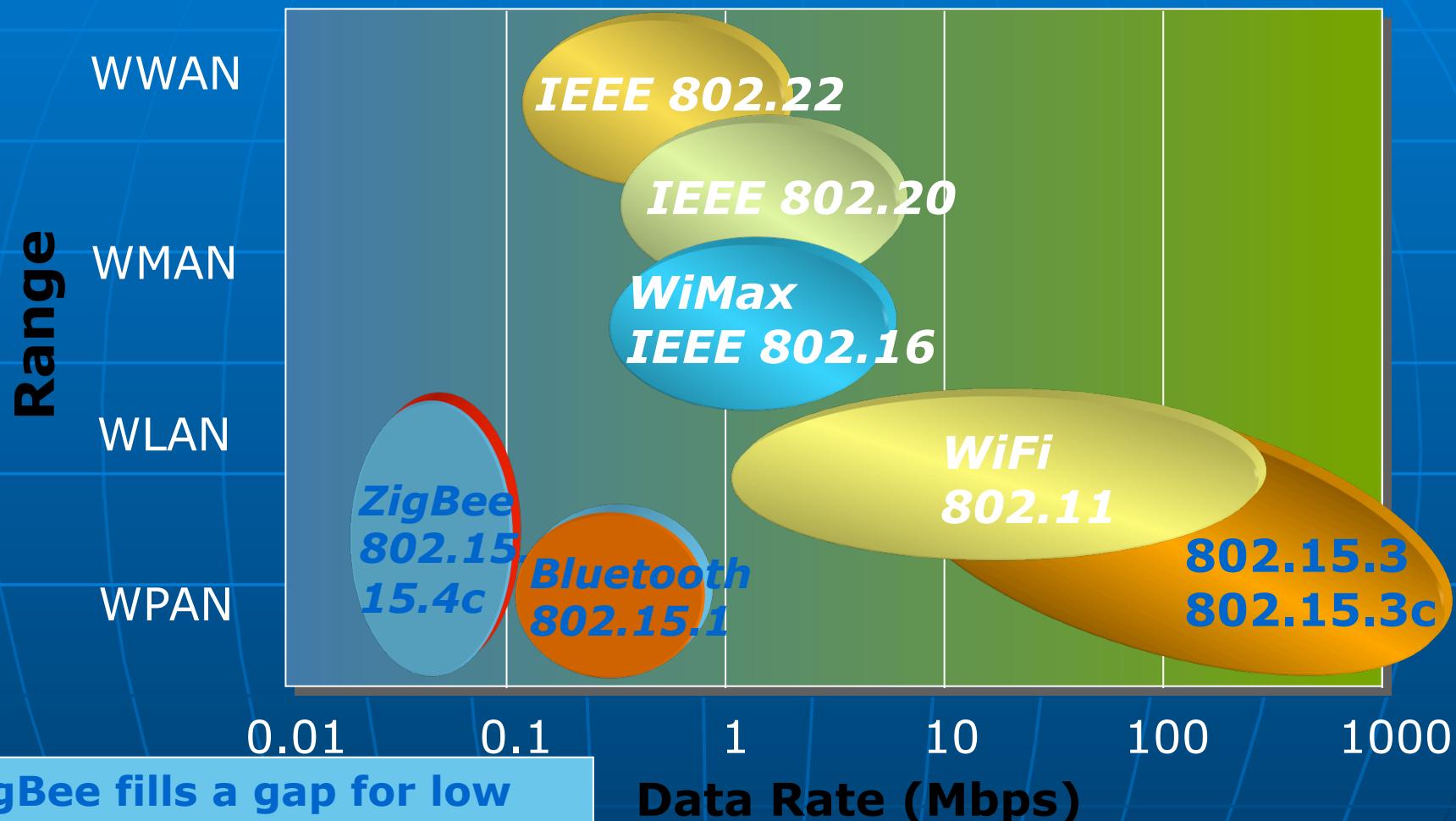


AC power line
Bus line

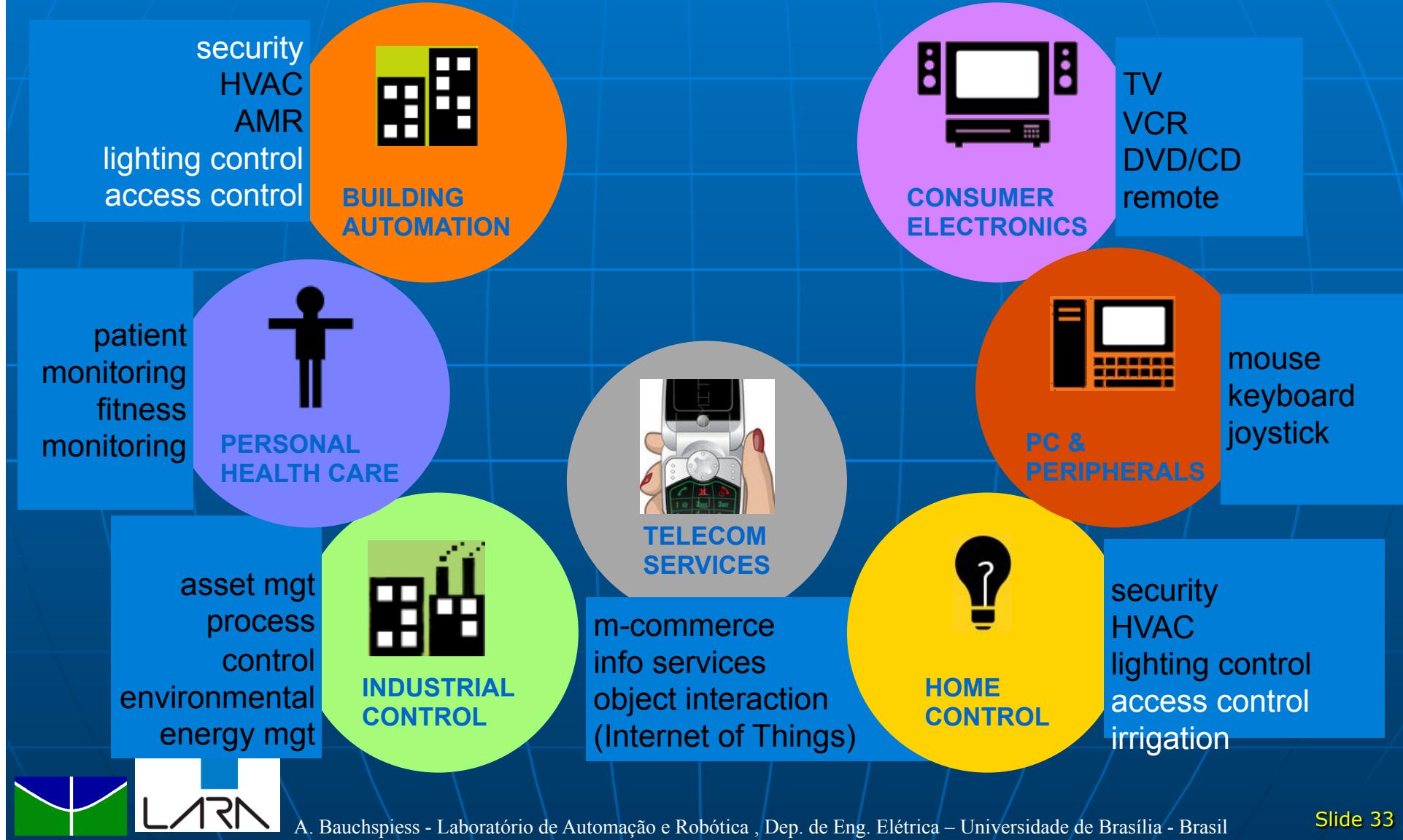
...wireless



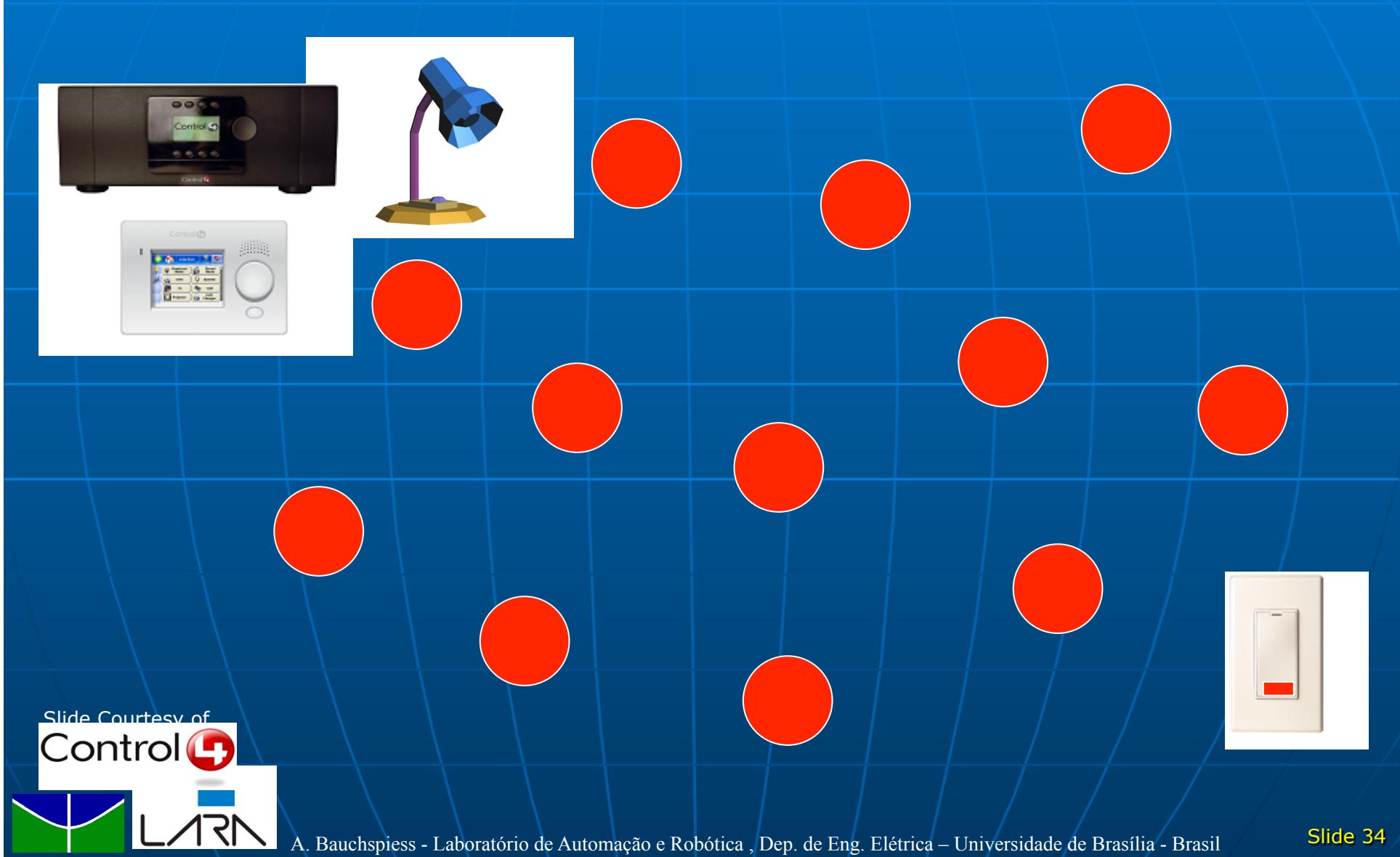
The IEEE 802 Wireless Space



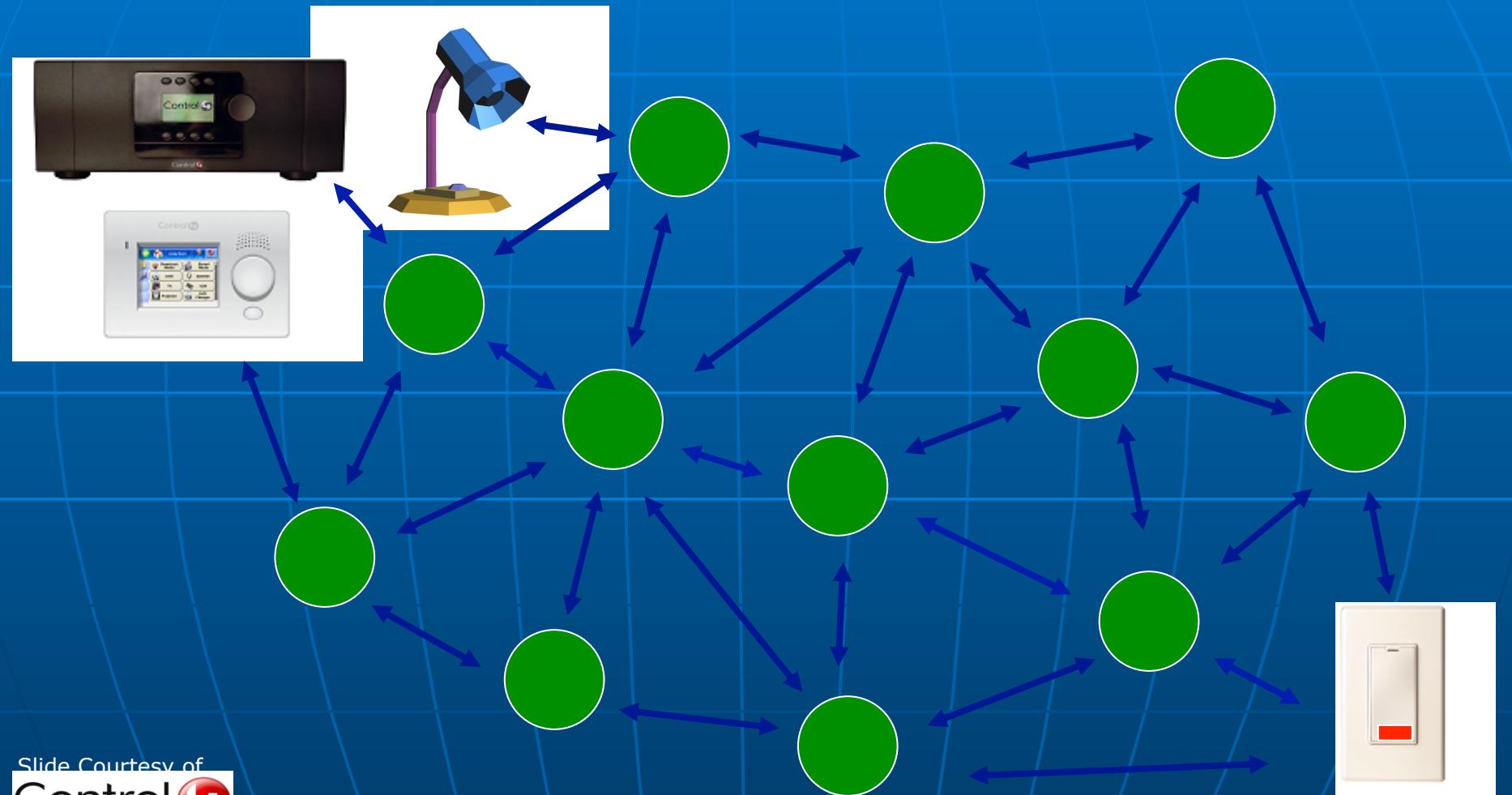
ZigBee Applications



ZigBee Mesh Networking



ZigBee Mesh Networking



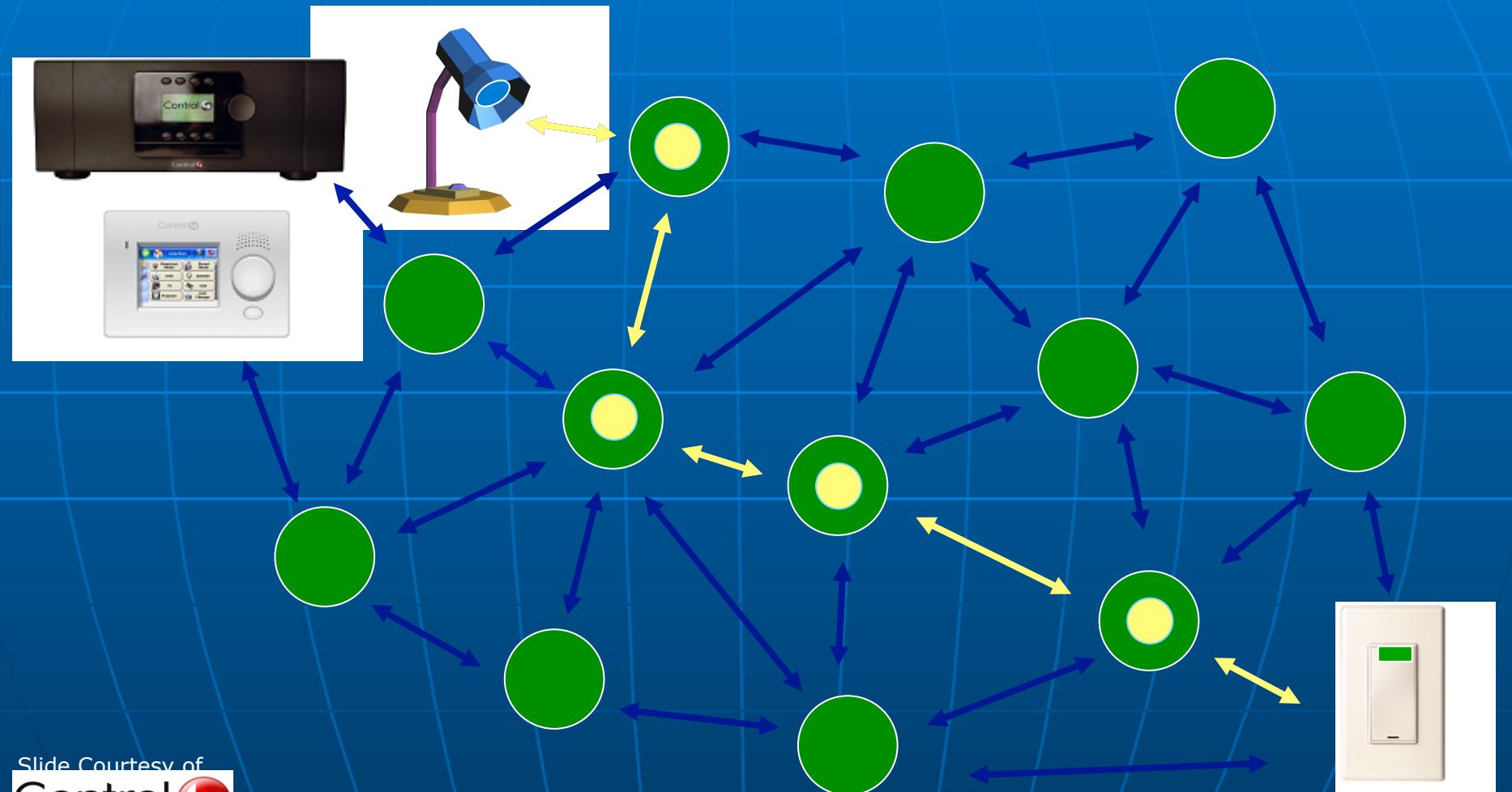
Slide Courtesy of

Control



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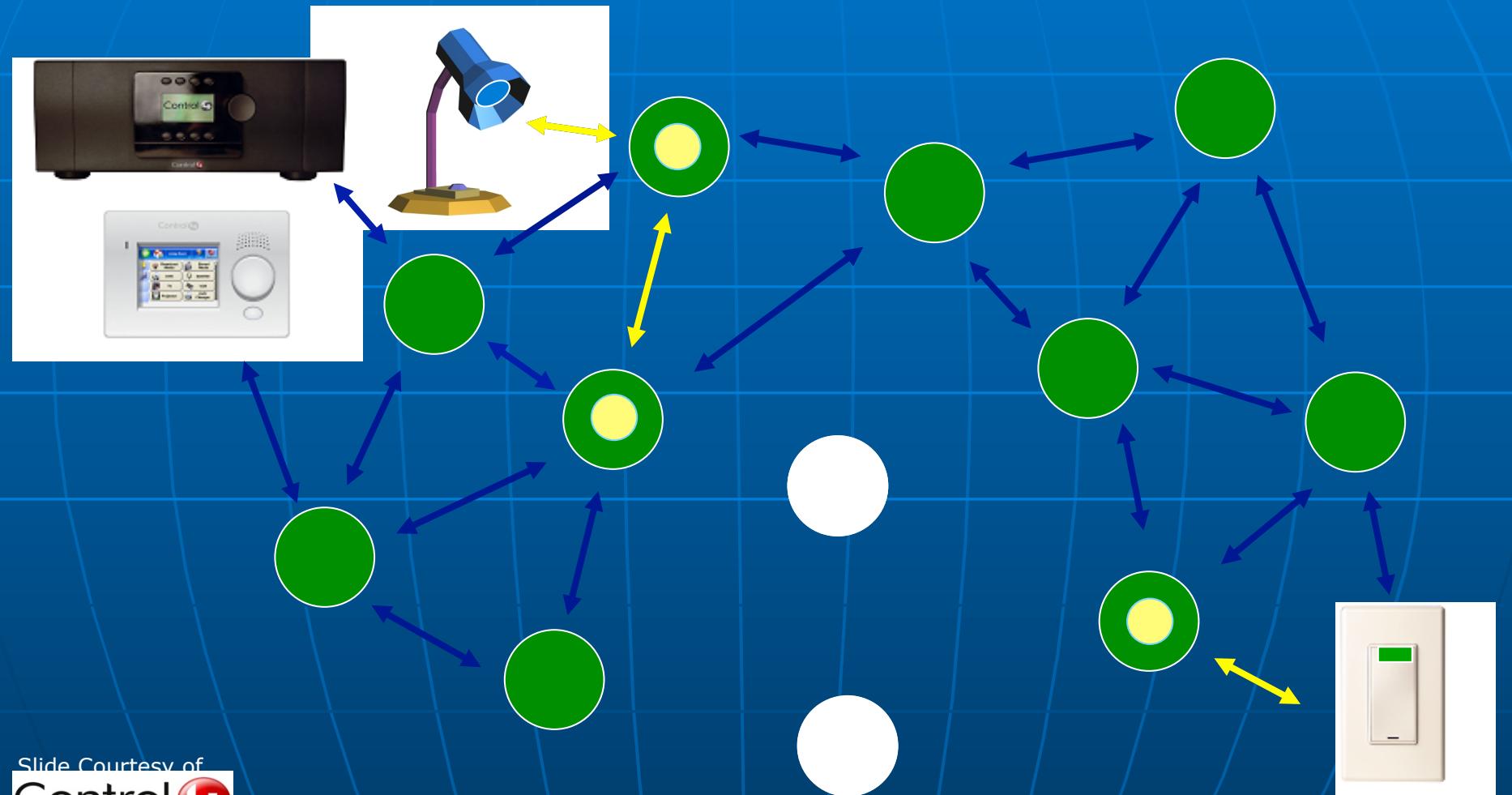
ZigBee Mesh Networking



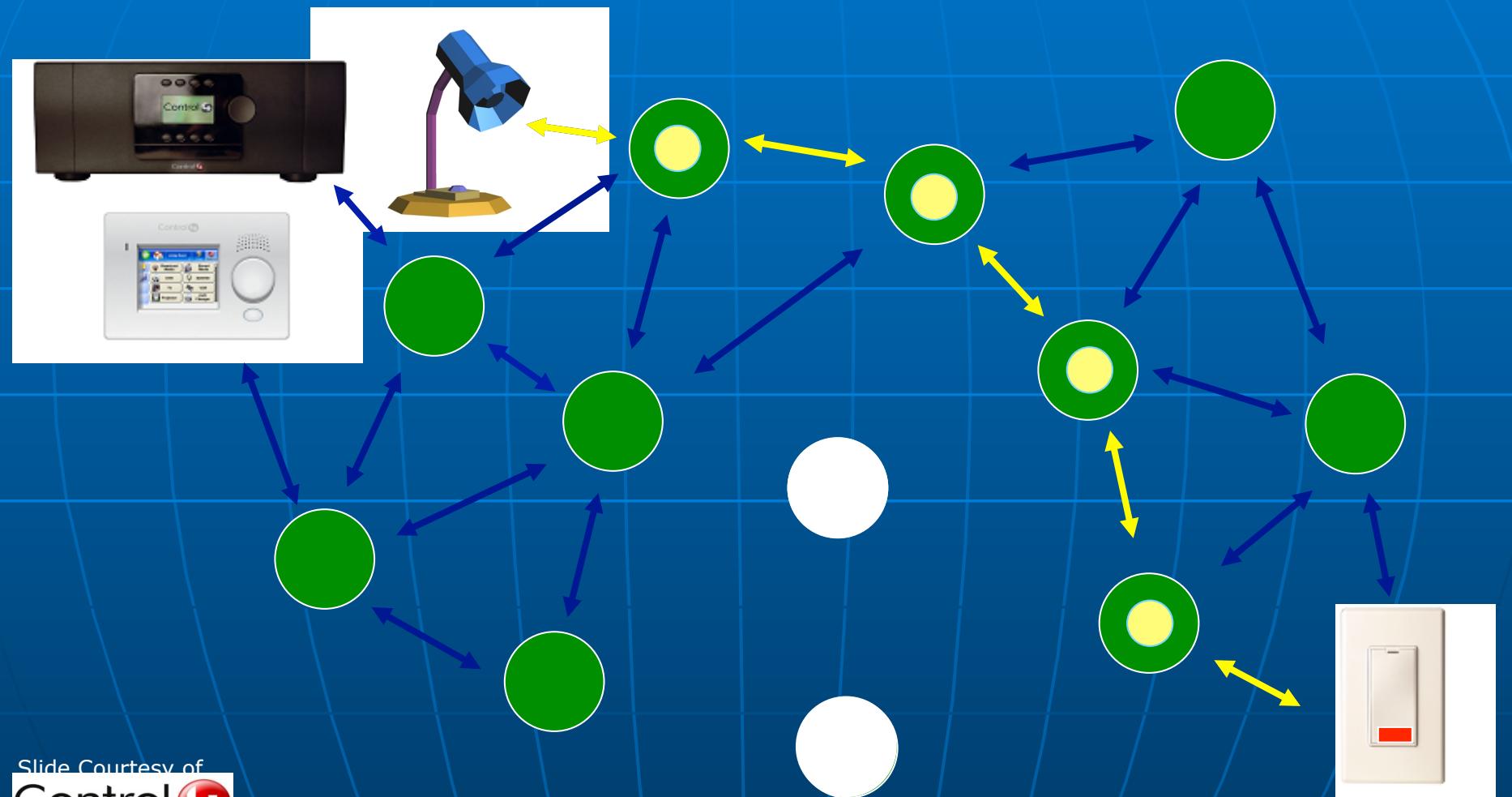
Slide Courtesy of



ZigBee Mesh Networking



ZigBee Mesh Networking



Slide Courtesy of
Control +



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ZigBee Device Types



ZigBee Coordinator (ZC)

- One required for each ZB network.
- Initiates network formation.



ZigBee Router (ZR)

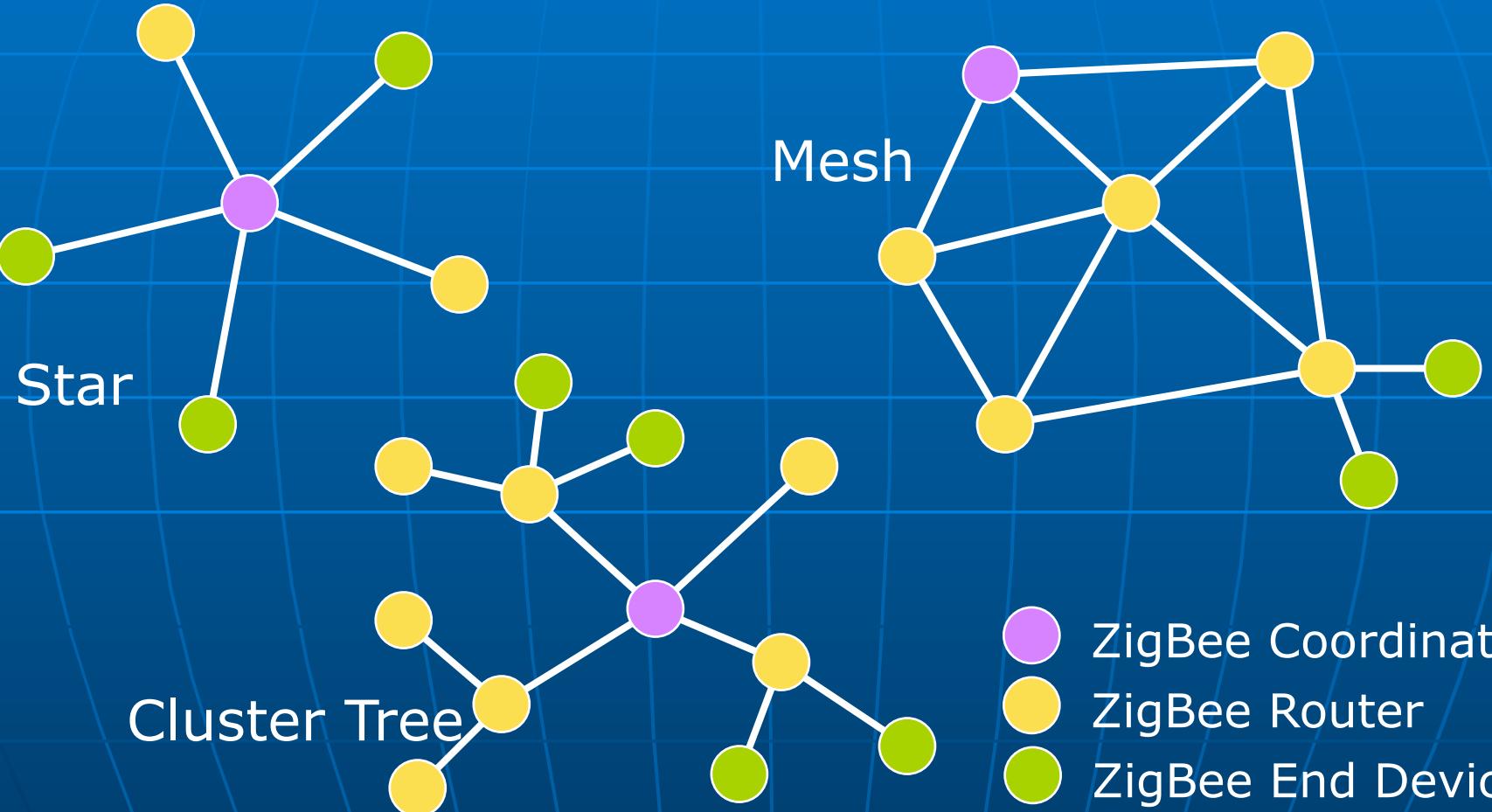
- Participates in multihop routing of messages.



ZigBee End Device (ZED)

- Does not allow association or routing.
- Enables very low cost solutions

ZigBee Network Topologies



Some Application Profiles



■ Home Automation [HA]

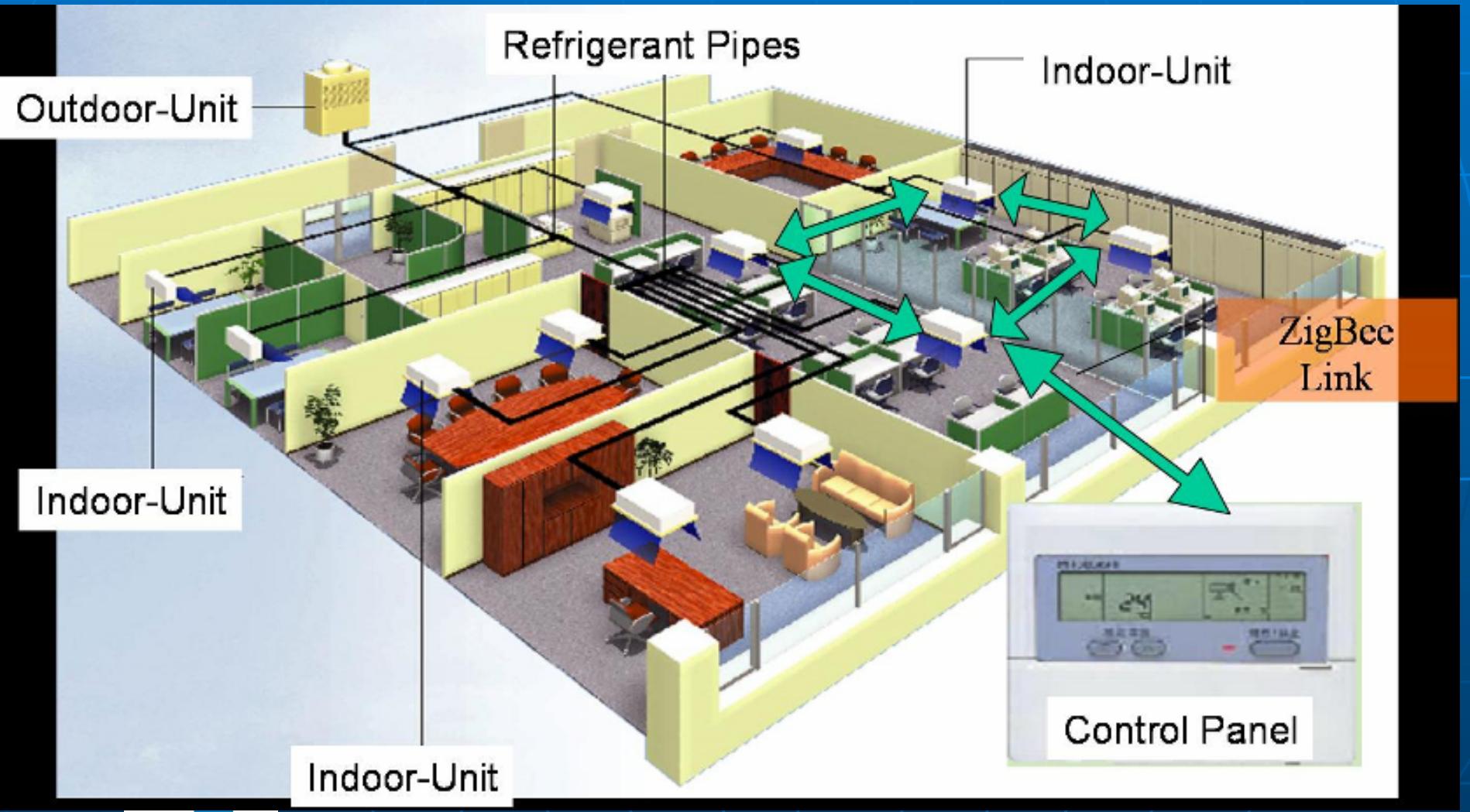
- Defines set of devices used in home automation
 - Light switches
 - Thermostats
 - Window shade
 - Heating unit
 - etc.



■ Industrial Plant Monitoring

- Consists of device definitions for sensors used in industrial control
 - Temperature
 - Pressure sensors
 - Infrared
 - etc.

Climatization Example



Commercial Lighting Control

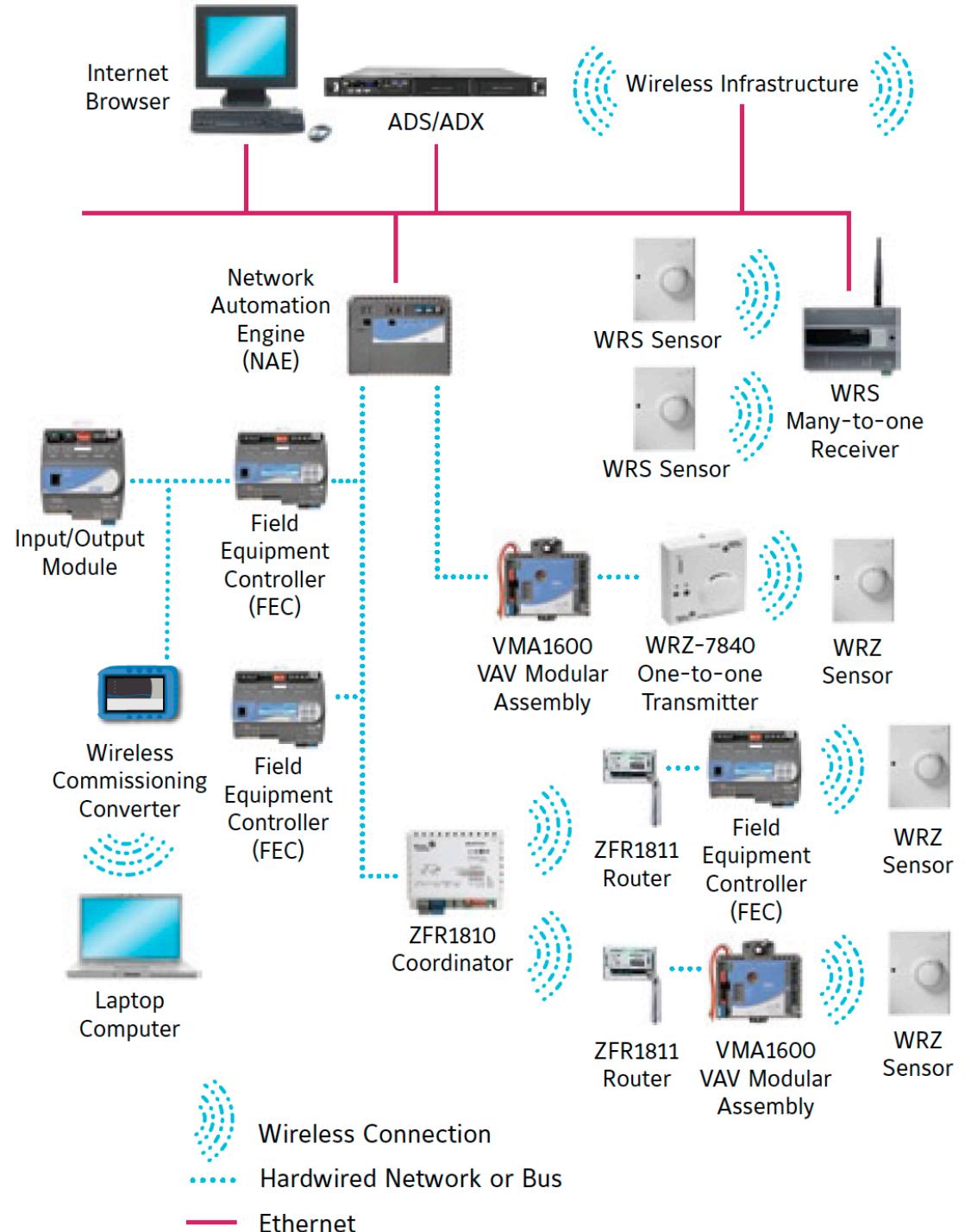
- Wireless lighting control
 - Dimmable intelligent ballasts
 - Light switches/sensors anywhere
 - Customizable lighting schemes
 - Quantifiable energy savings
 - Opportunities in residential, light commercial and commercial
- Extendable networks
 - Lighting network can be integrated with and/or be used by other building control solutions



Example WASN: (Wireless Actuator and Sensor Network) Wireless Room Temperature Sensing System



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‣ **Ambient Intelligence**

Control, Estimation & Applications

Field Robotics

Human-Centered Robotics

Some Projects at LARA/UnB

LabInov

The main objective of the LabInov project is to create an ambient intelligence laboratory for validation of innovations in the area. Besides that, it should help in the process of technology transfer between the university and companies. This project is a cooperation between the University of Brasília and Spin Engenharia de Automação Ltda



Highly Interacting Ambient Systems

In Ambient Systems, wireless networks are applied to promote information exchange among the different nodes of the ambient system network. This project goals are to answer existing theoretical questions and to reveal and bridge gaps between theory and praxis in interacting ambient systems. It is a cooperation between the University of Brasília and the University of Kaiserslautern





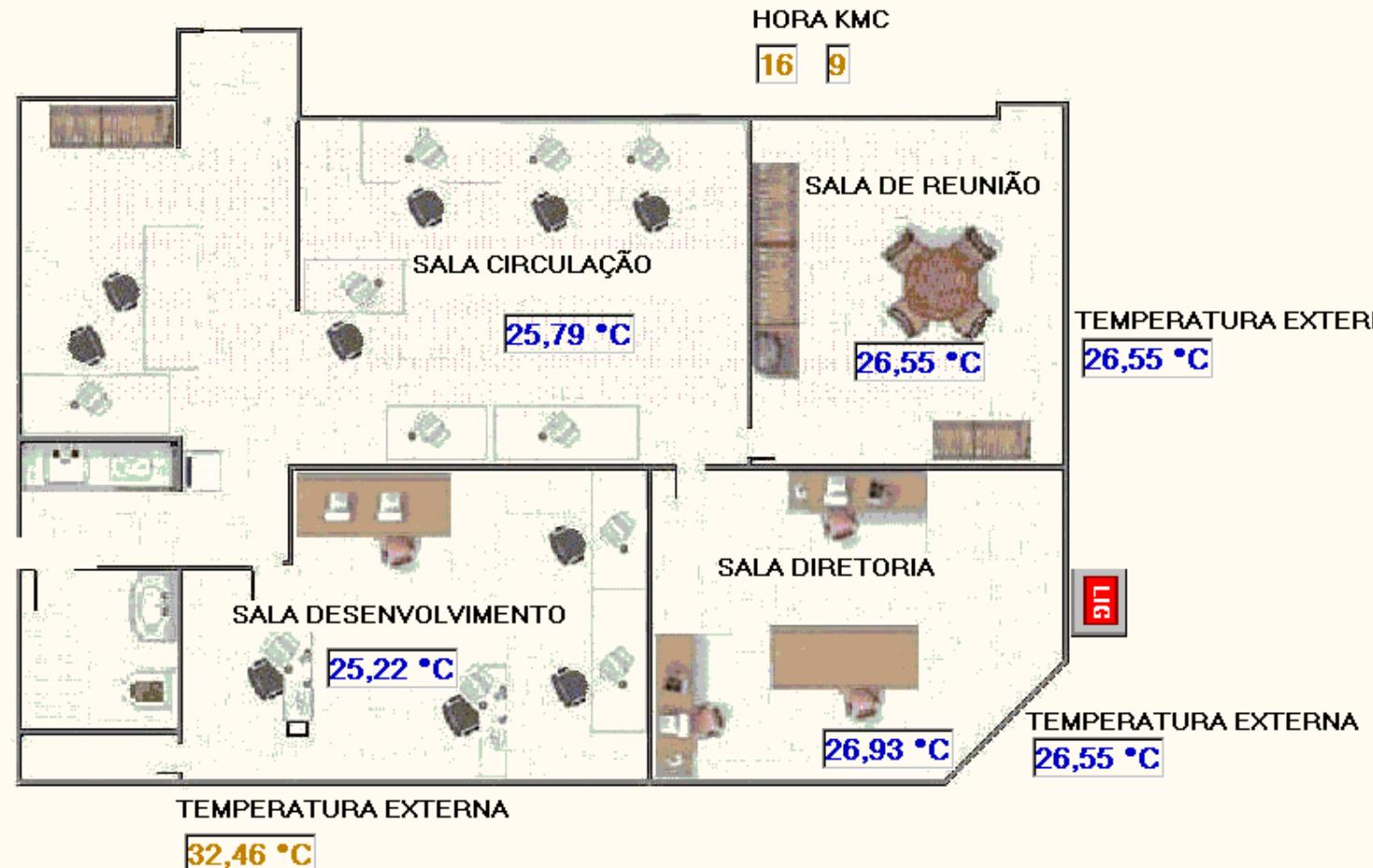
SUPER



- Menu e Botões
- # telas

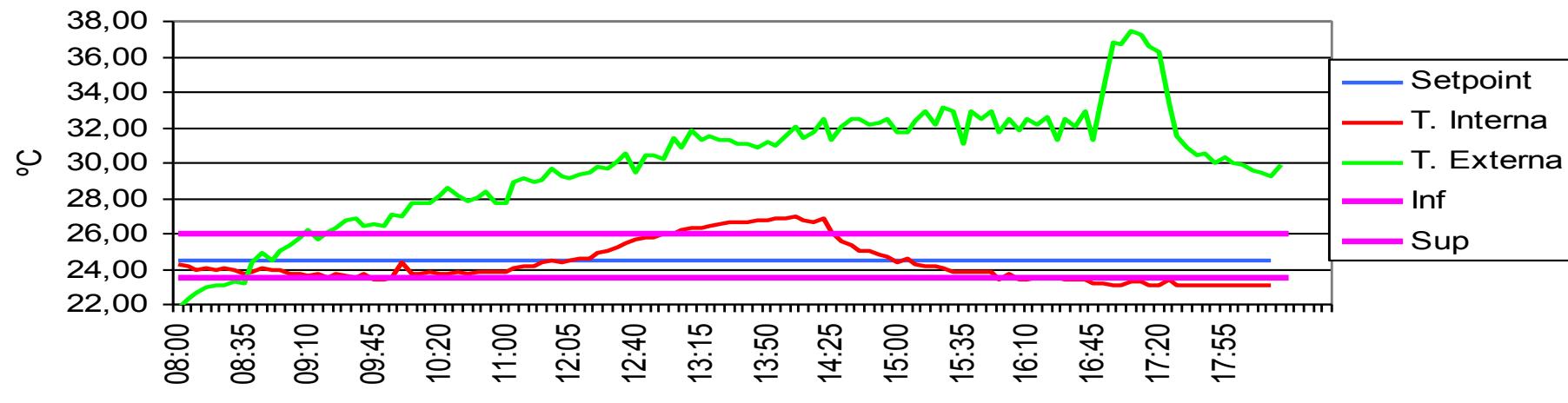
SETPOINT

24,50 °C

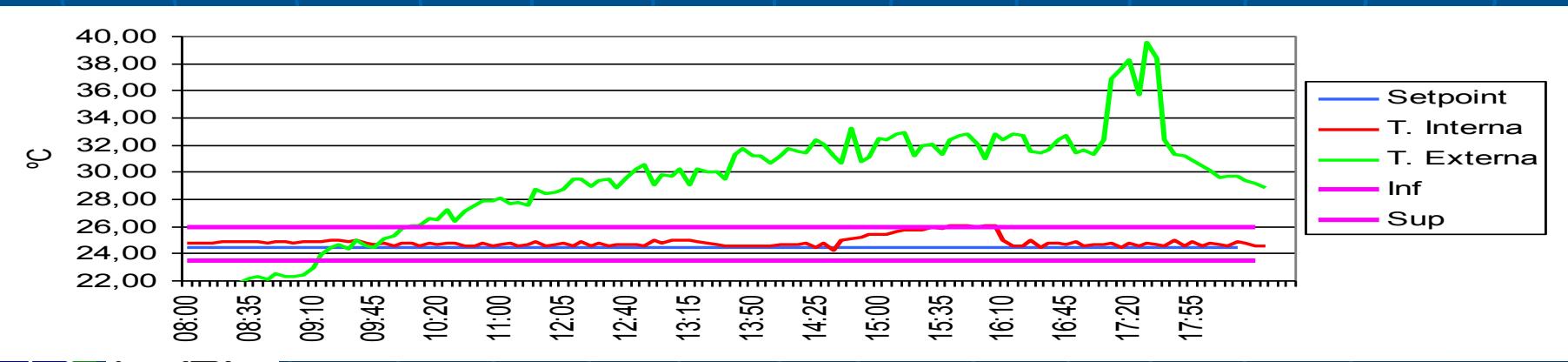


Development Room

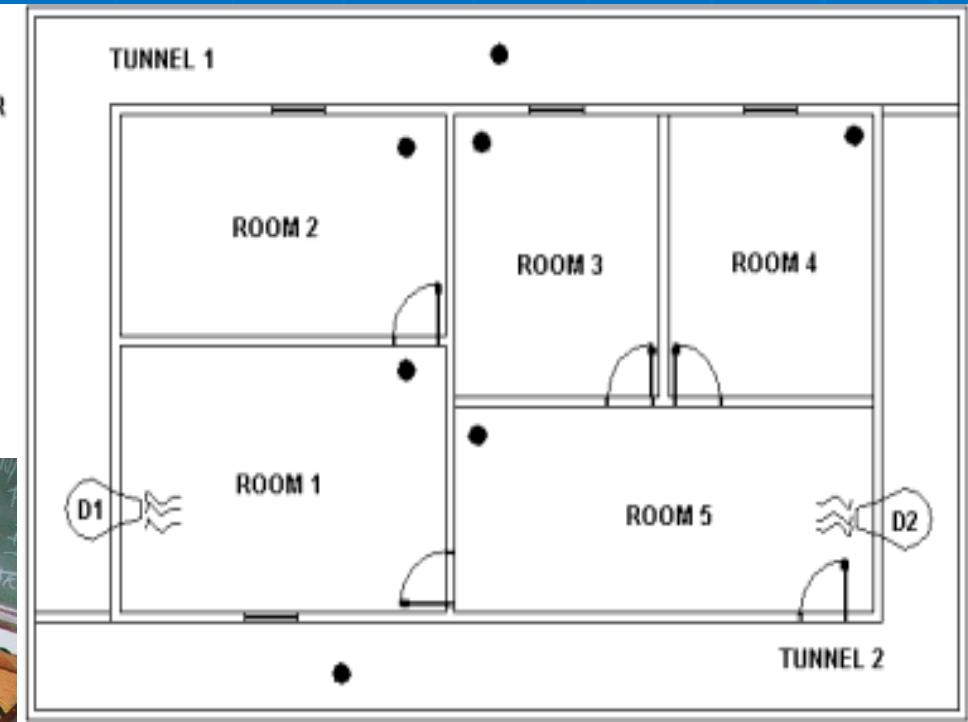
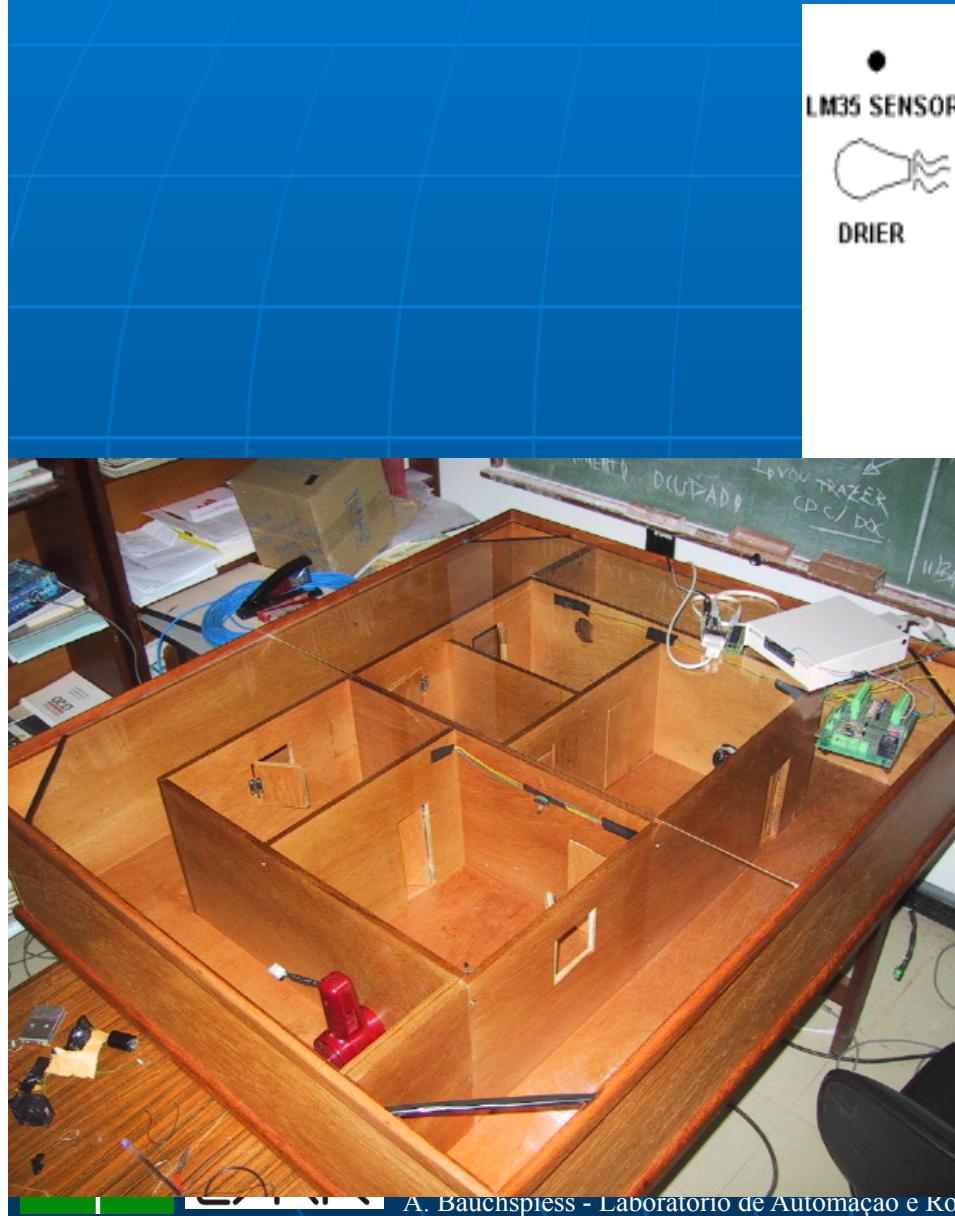
Liga-Desliga 16-09-2006



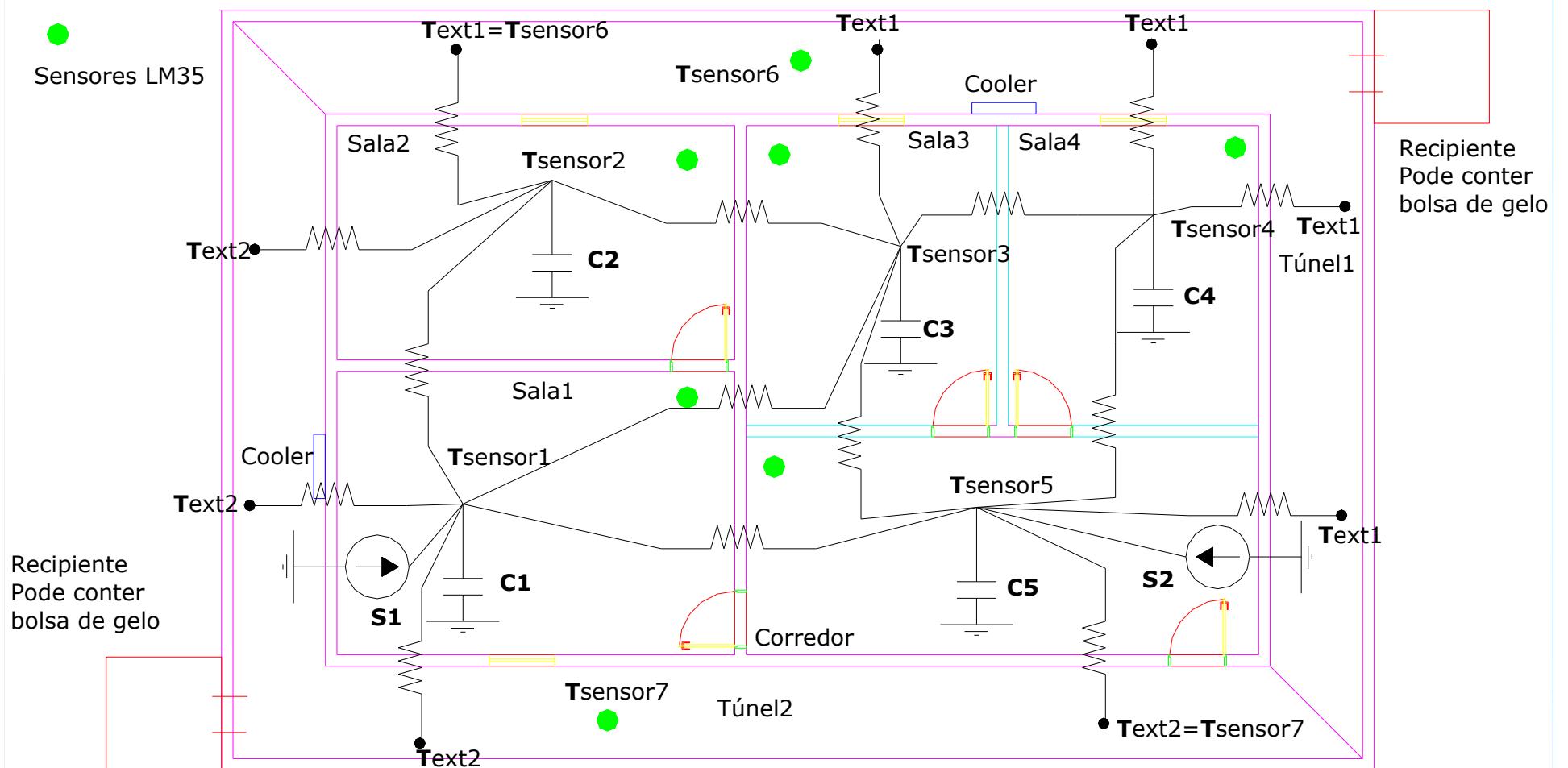
Fuzzy Control 14-09-2006

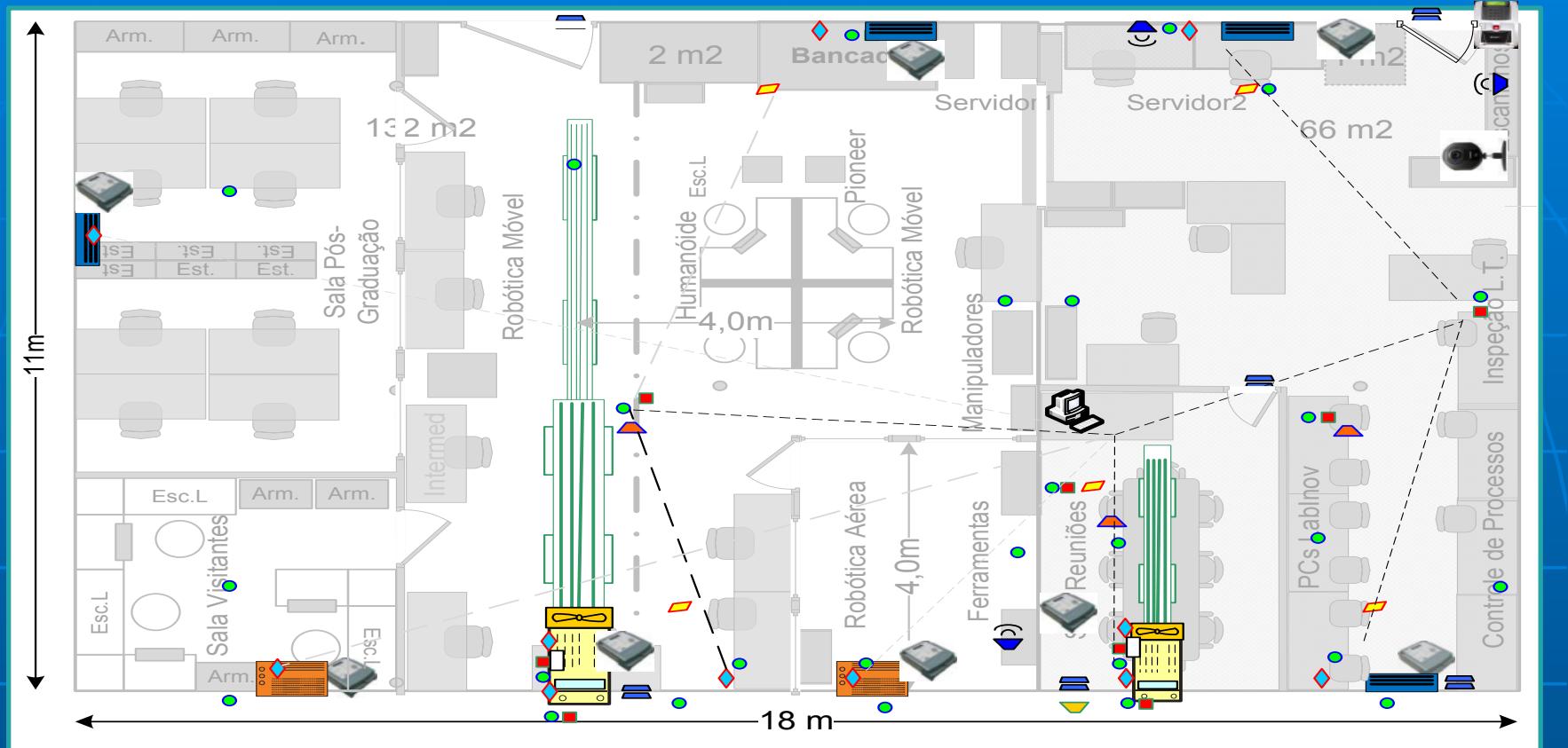


Prototype of a Thermal System



Analog Circuit - Thermal Process





- | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ● Sensor de Temperatura | ● Detector de Presença |
| ■ Sensor de Umidade | ■ Detector Porta/Janela aberta |
| ■ Anemômetro | ■ Medidor de Energia |
| ▲ Sensor Radiação Térmica Média | ■ Camera de Vigilância |
| ▼ Piranômetro | ■ Controle de Acesso |
| ◆ Atuador Ar Cond. | ■ BAS - Building Automation System |

Mobile Thermal Comfort sensor



LARA

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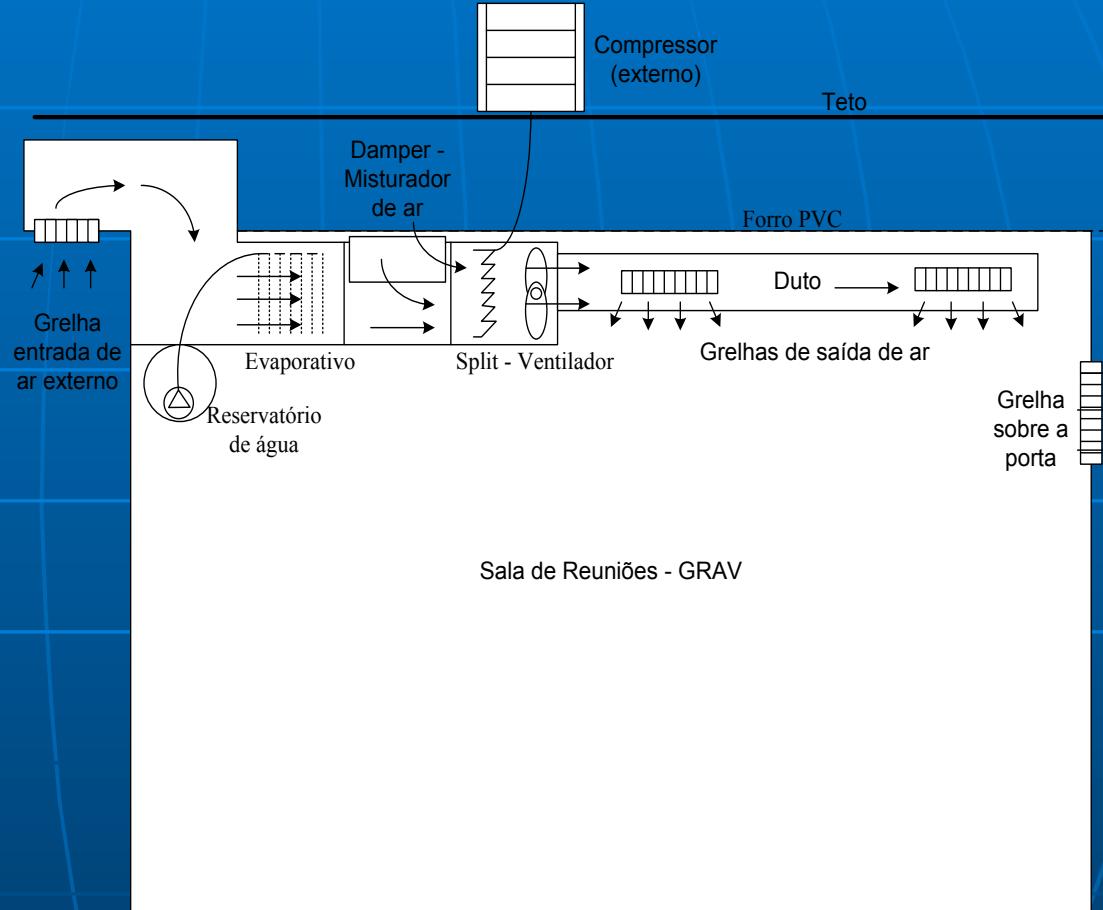
Hybrid Climatization



Damper

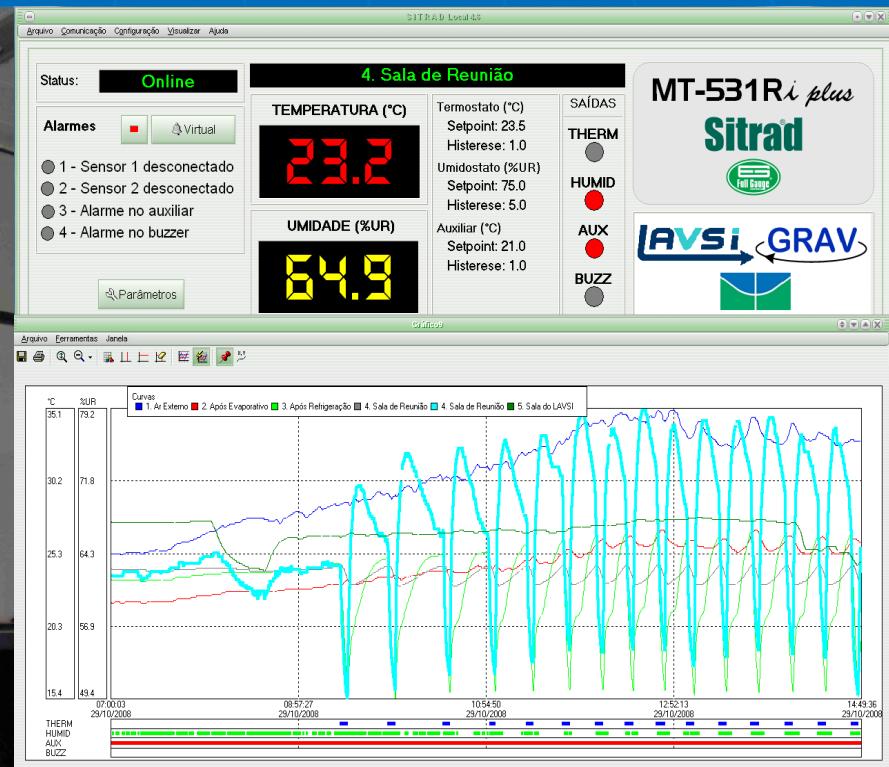


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(José Luís Olmos, 2009)

Hybrid Climatization: Evaporative-Conventiona



(José Luís Olmos, 2009)

First- Principles Identification

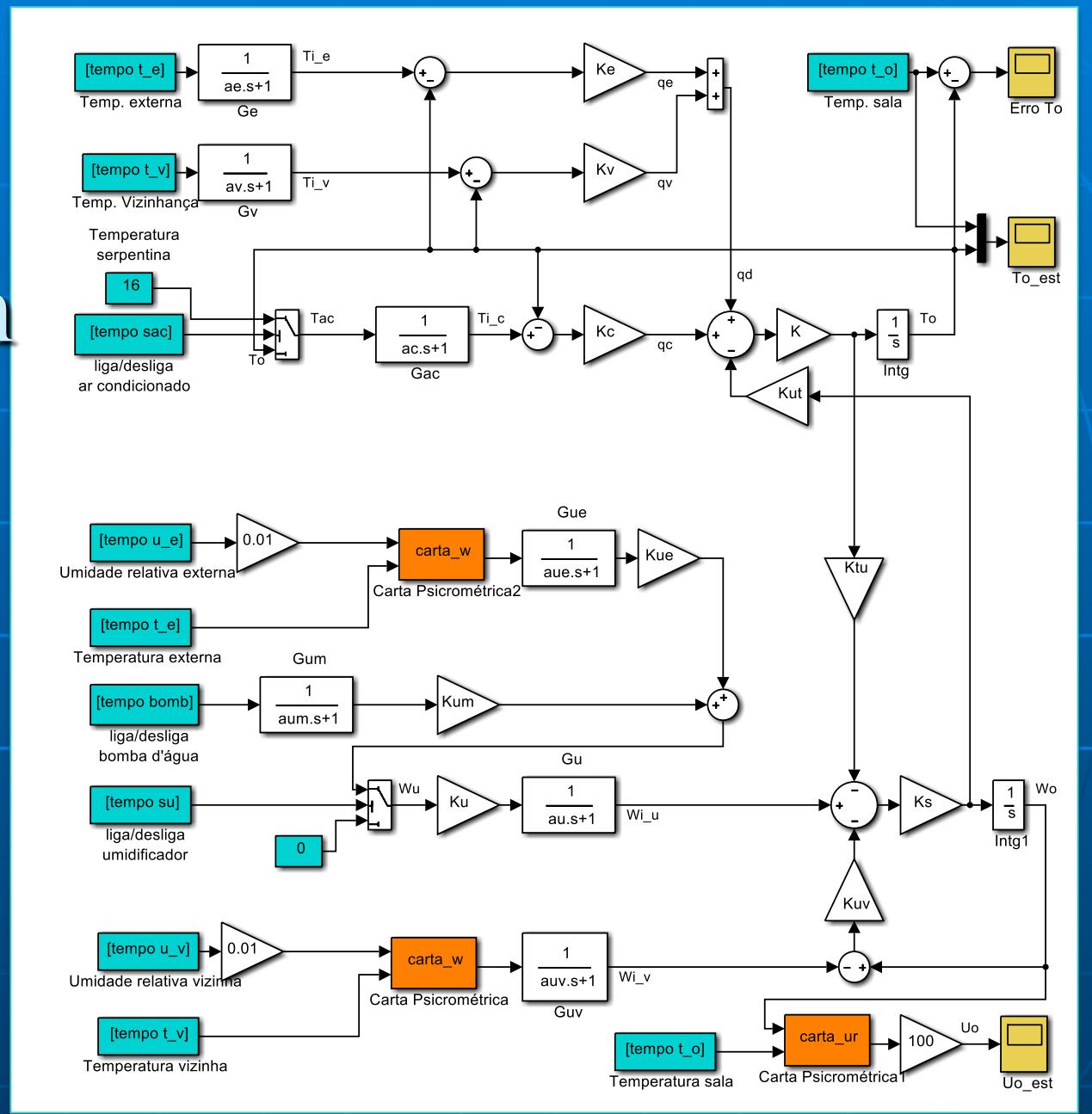
Temperature
&
Humidity

→ Optimal
Hybrid Climatization

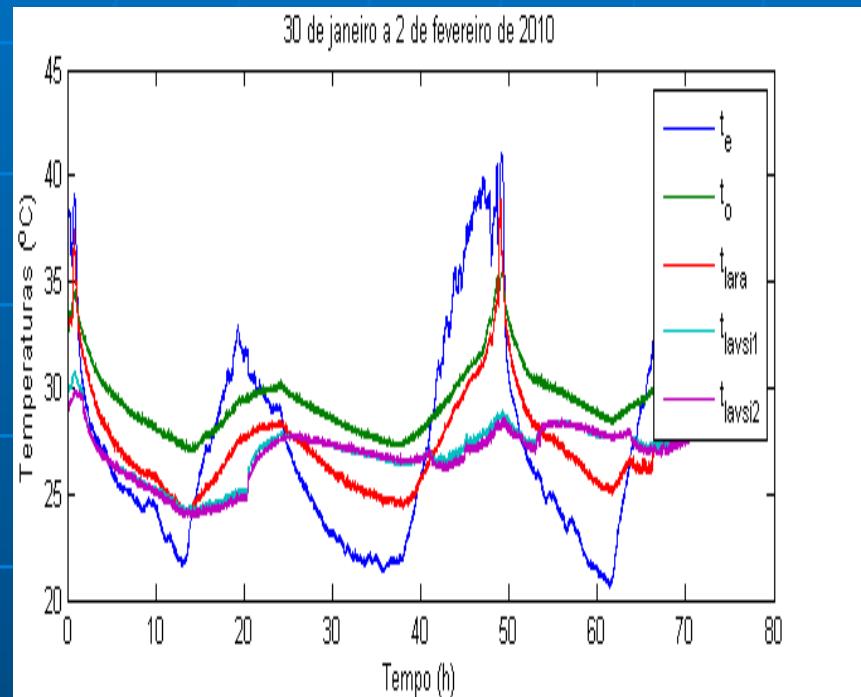
(Pedro Vianna, 2013)



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LARA - First-Principles Identification



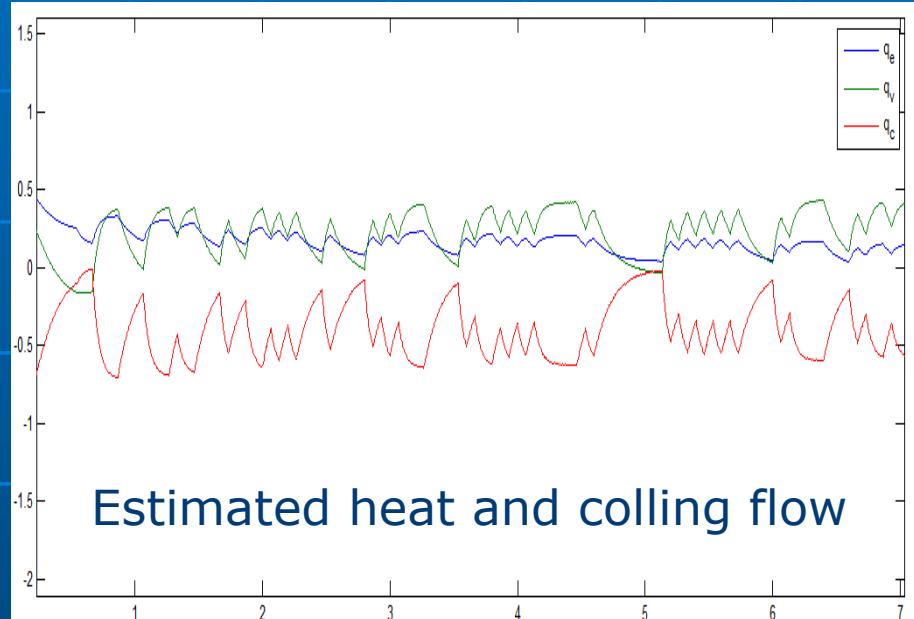
Measured identification data

(Flávio Oliveira, 2010)
(Pedro Vianna, 2013)



Estimated Temperature parameters

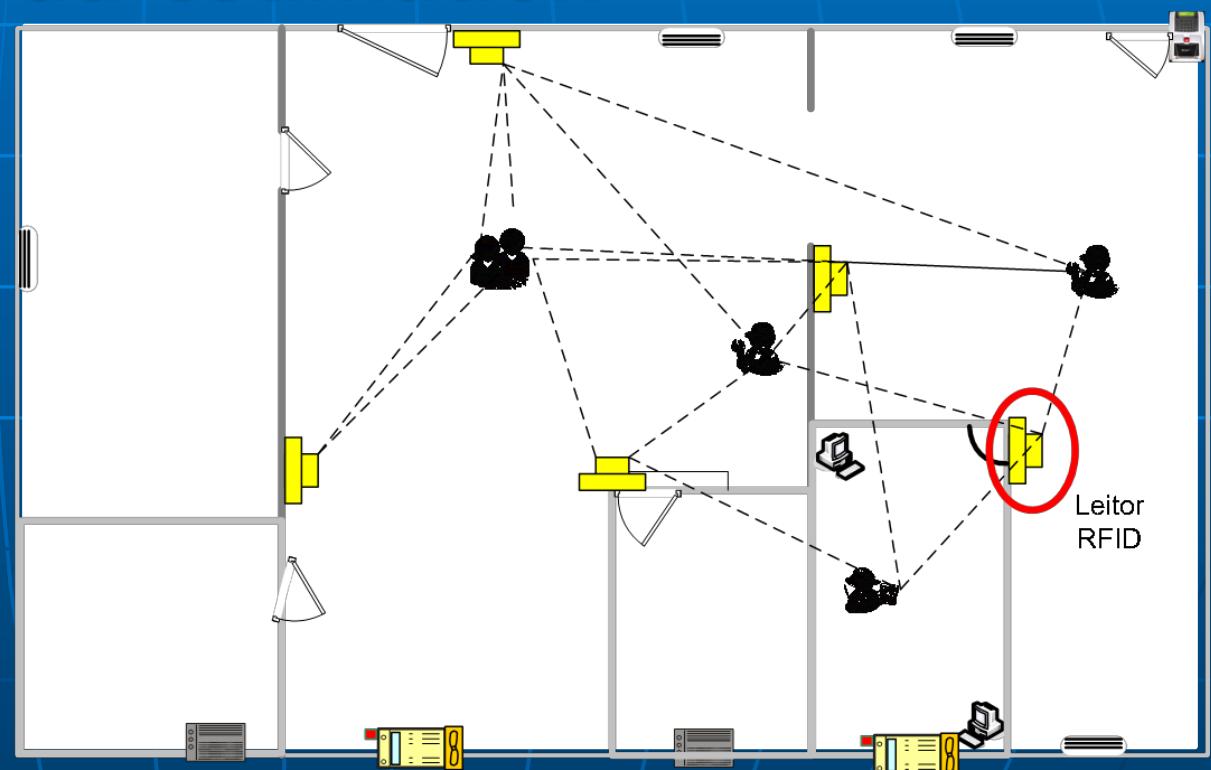
	I	e	v	c
a_i	220	321.3	175.4	
K_i	0.035	0.095	0.241	



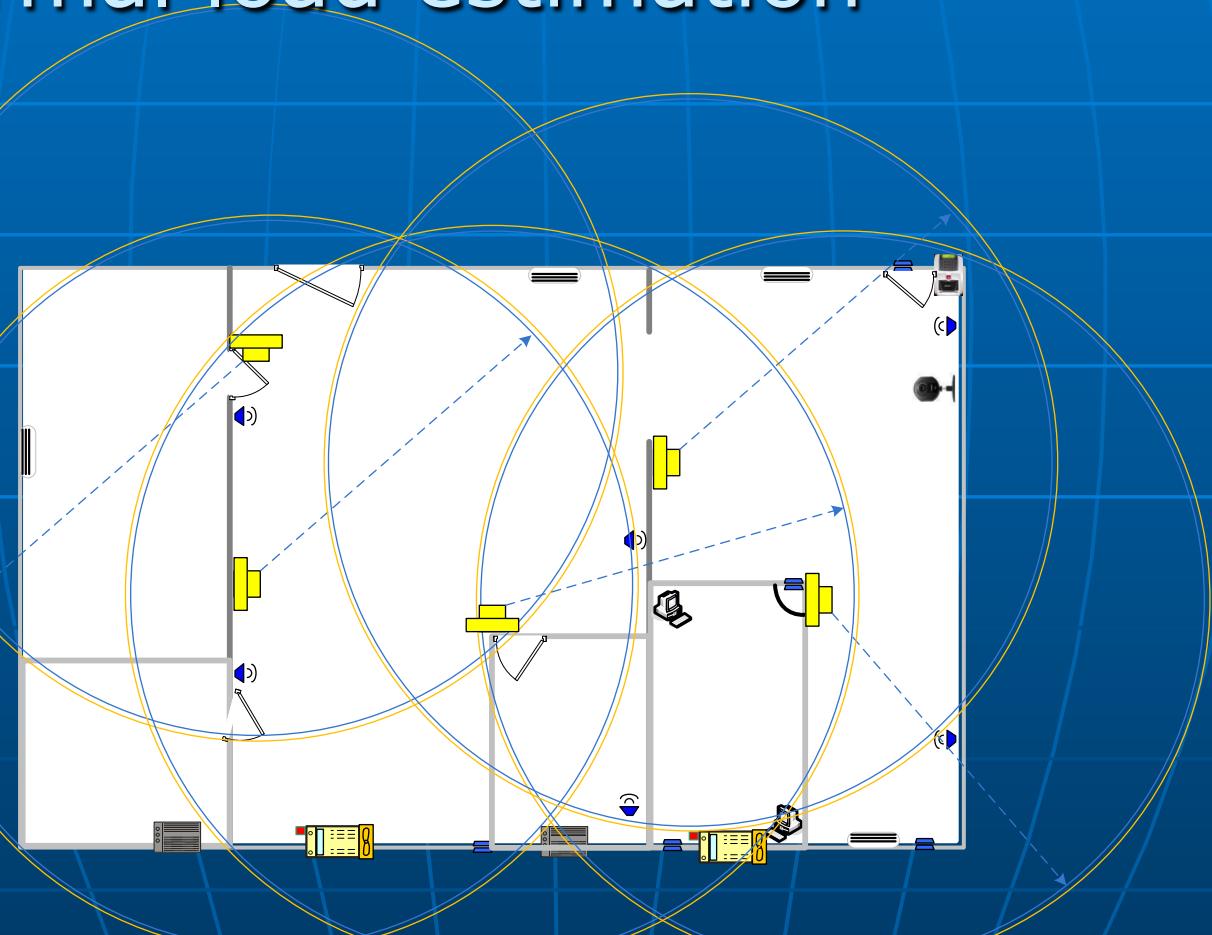
Estimated humidity parameters

i	u	uv	ue	um	s
ai	168,5	164,9	80,82	171,7	-
Ki	2,19	3,77	0,151	-0,003	0,029

RFID occupancy identification (GPS indoor) for thermal load estimation



RFID occupancy identification for thermal load estimation



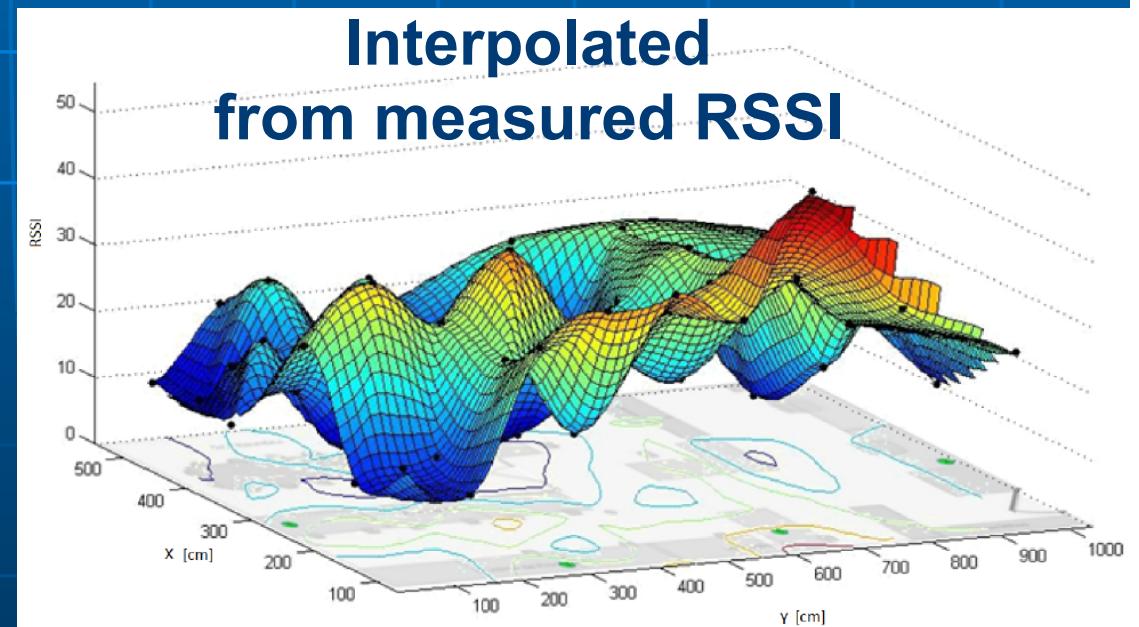
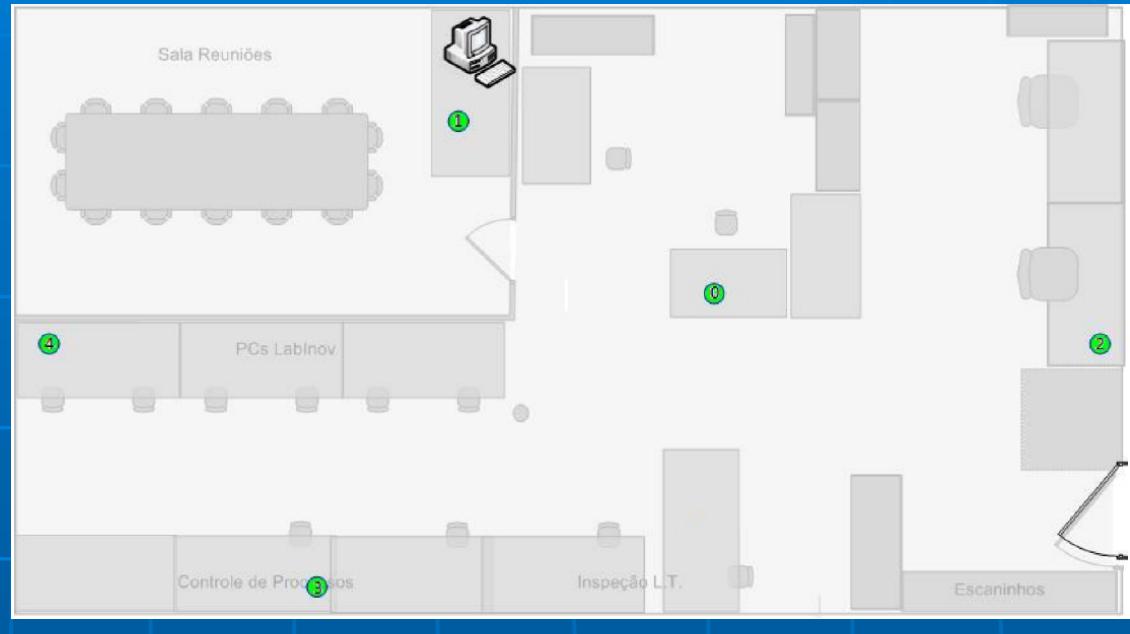
RFID occupancy identification for thermal load estimation



(Lucas Fonseca, 2011)



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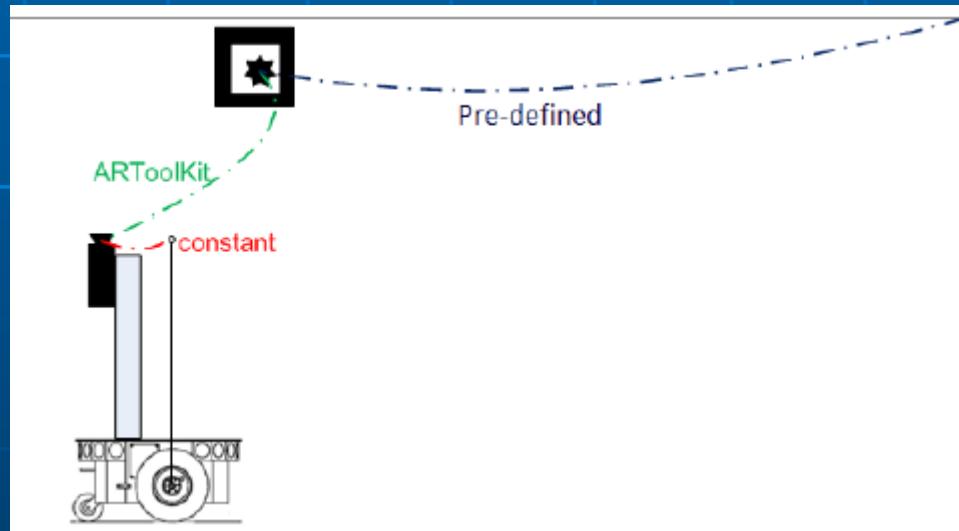


Indoor RFID Localization

**in the Context of Mobile
Robotics
with Application in Ambient
Intelligence**

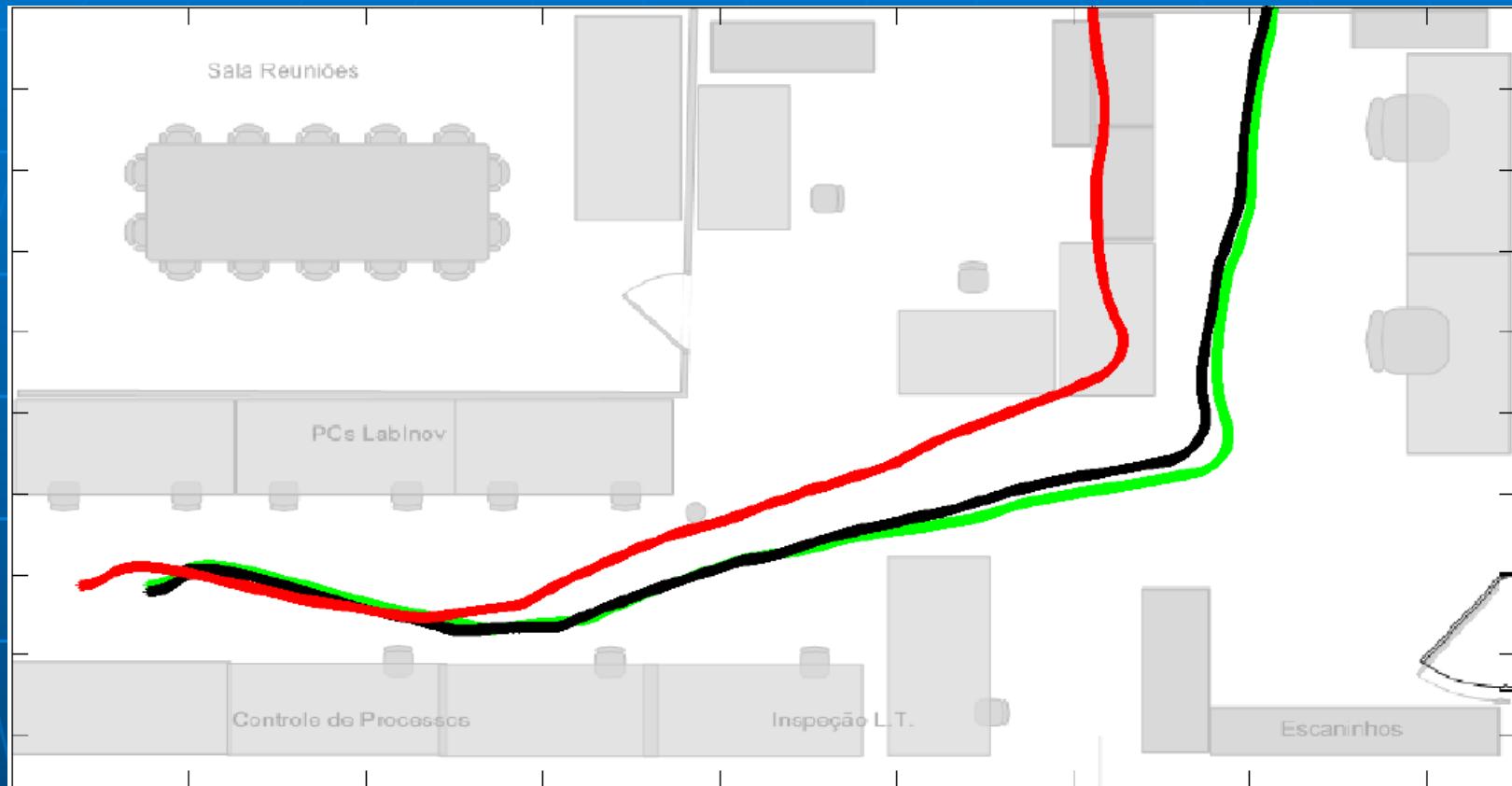


**Augmented Reality
Localization**



(Gabriel Figueiró e André Luiz Gama, 2011)

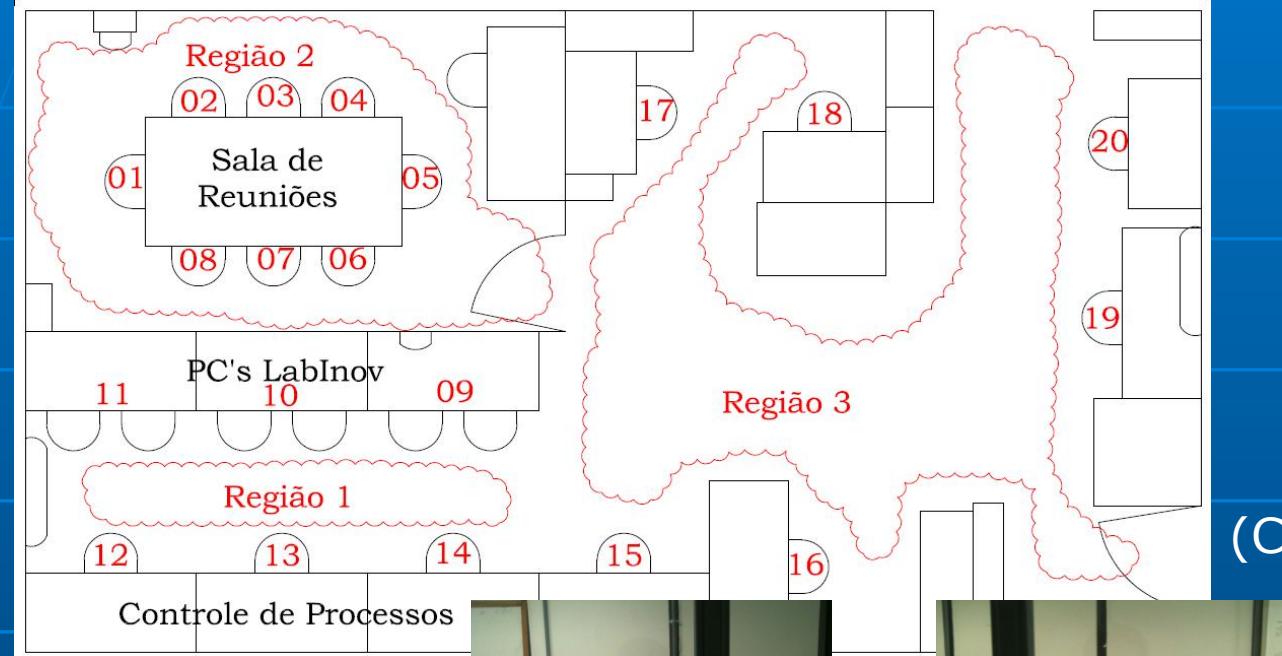
Comparison (Red – odo., Black – odo+vision, Green – all 3)



comparative results of the Augmented Reality-RSSI system,
Augmented reality system and pure odometry system

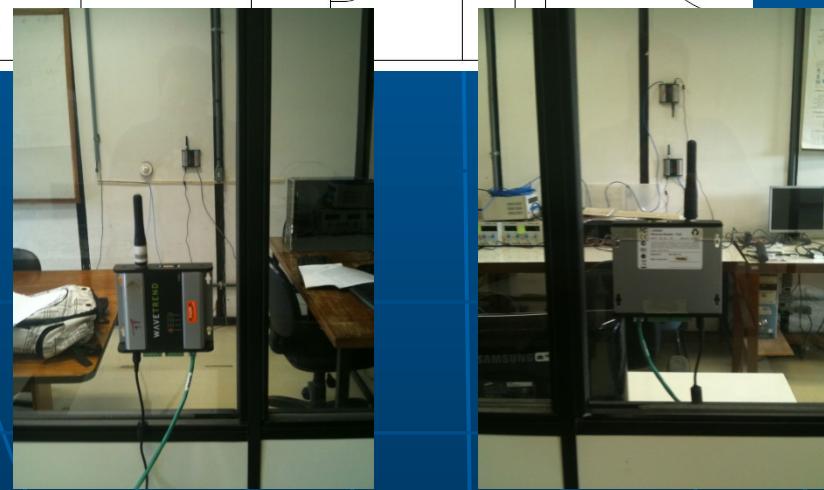
(Gabriel Figueiró e André Luiz Gama, 2011)

Thermal Load influence Areas



Identification of
users in areas by
RFID – RSSI
classifiers

(Cristovam Silva Jr., 2012)



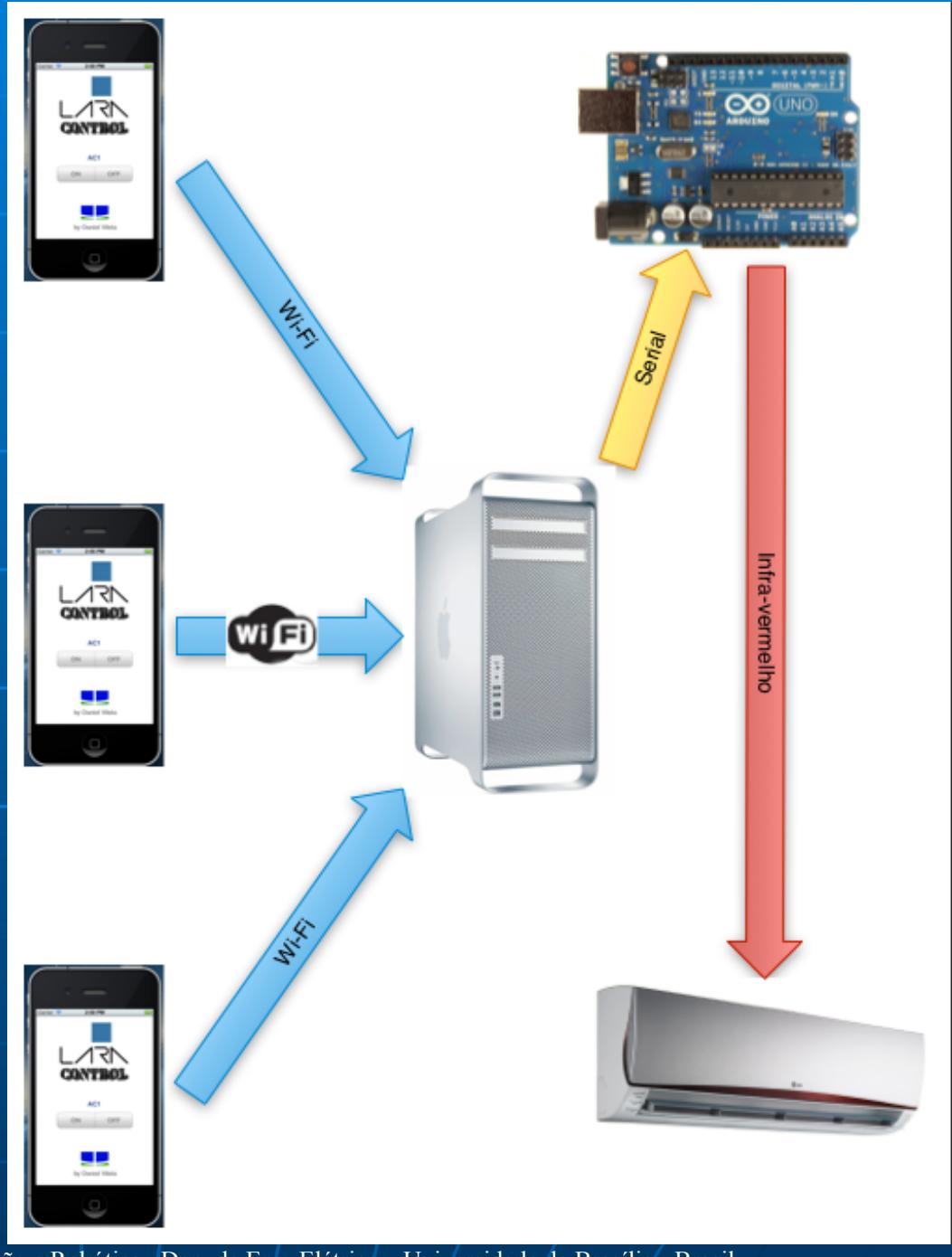
Building Automation

iPhone
WiFi
Arduino
ZigBee
Infra-Red
Air Conditioner

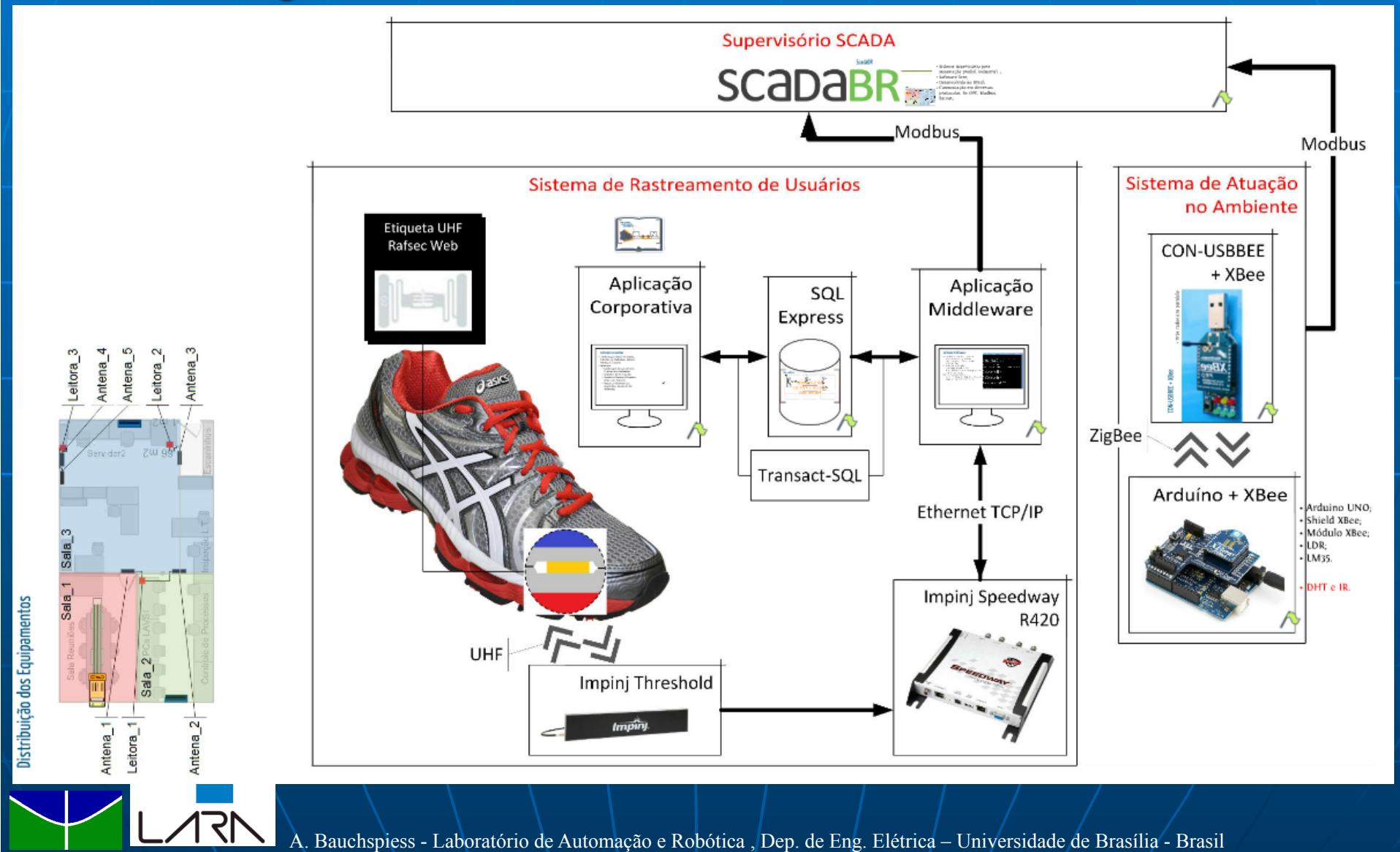
(Daniel Vilela, 2012)



A. Bauchspies - Laboratório de Automação e Robótica , Dep. de Eng. Elétrica – Universidade de Brasília - Brasil

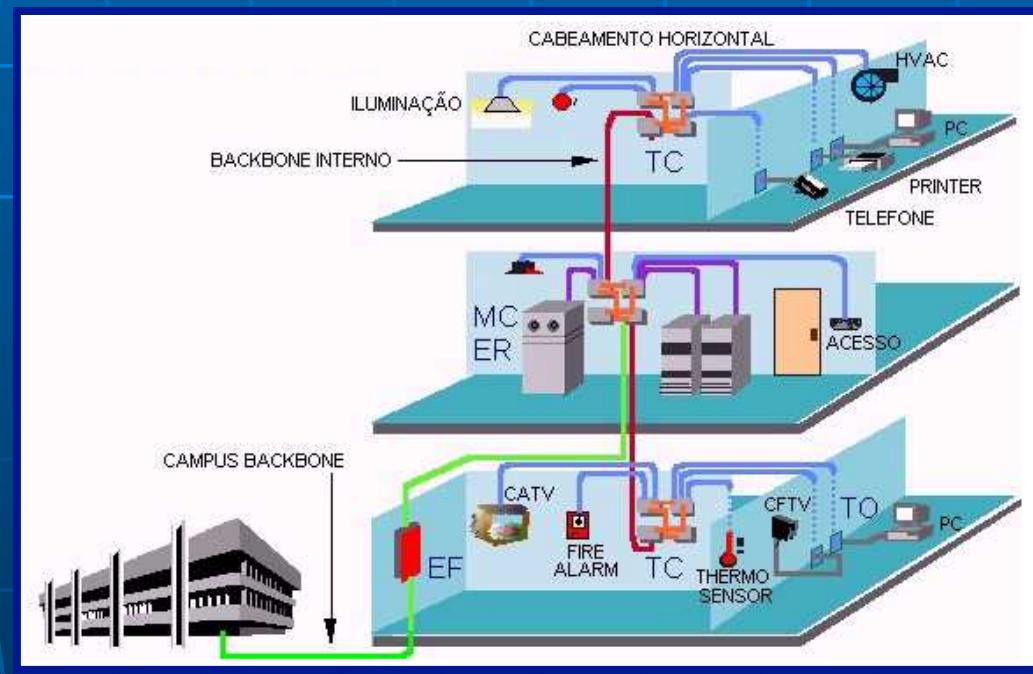


Passive RFID to track users in building automation (Frederico Rocha e Filipe Oliveira, 2013)



Perspectives

- Energy Efficiency Labeling of Buildings
- nearly Zero Energy Building
- Assisted Living
- Virtual Campus
- Ambient Intelligence





Thank You!

Adolfo Bauchspiess

www.lara.unb.br/~bauchspiess

bauchspiess@lara.unb.br



A. Bauchspiess - Laboratório de Automação e Robótica , Dep. de Eng. Elétrica – Universidade de Brasília - Brasil