

Segmentation of aortic flow in realtime magnetic resonance images

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Motivation

- Autonomic control over cardiovascular system:
 - Heart reat variability (HRV)
 - Blood pressure variability
 - Venous return variability
 - <u>Stroke volume variability (SVV)</u>
- No gold standard for SVV measurement
- MRI has potential for non-invasive SVV measurement (Carvalho et al., ISMRM 2007 & 2008)

Universidade de Brasilia MRI measurement of SVV

Carvalho et al., ISMRM 2007 & 2008

- Slice prescription: ascending aorta
 Anterior to main bifurcations
- Phase contrast MRI

 Measures blood velocity through imaging plane



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• Requires precise segmentation of aortic flow

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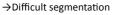
Real-time MRI

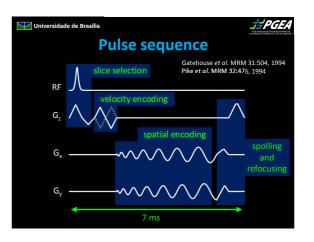
- Pros:
 - High temporal resolution: 56 ms
 - New image every 14 ms (view sharing)
- Cons:
 - Low spatial resolution: 3×3 mm²
 - Low image contrast

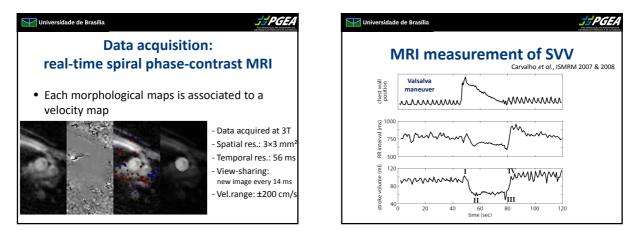


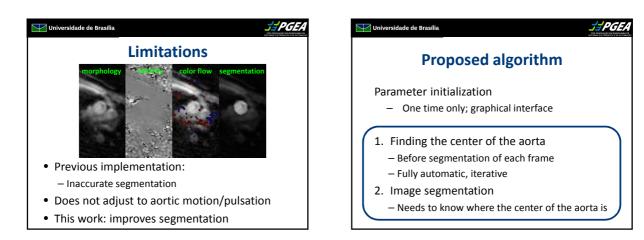
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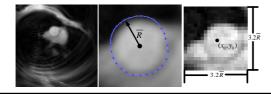


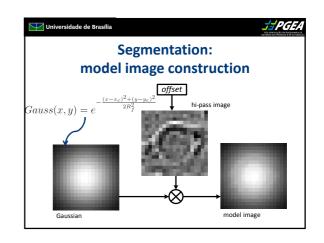
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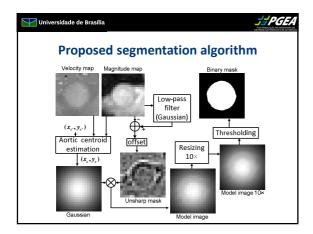
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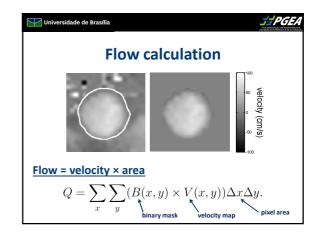
Initialization: restricting search region

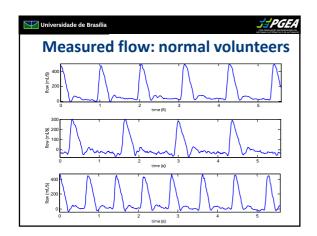
- Large enough to contain aorta during entire acquisiton
- Calculated from manually-prescribed radius (1st frame only)

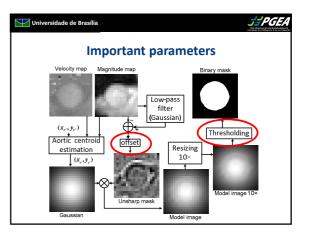


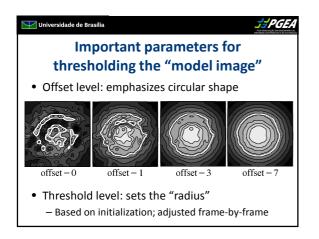


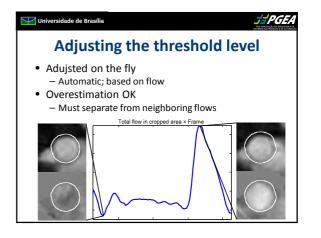


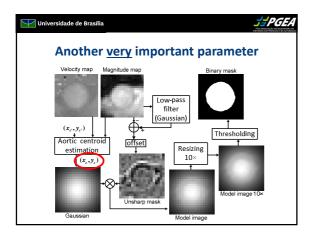


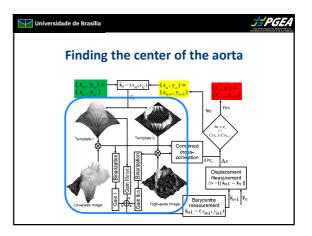


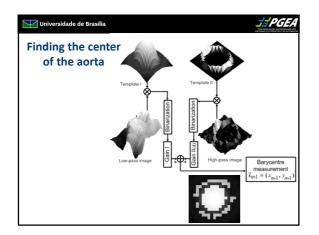


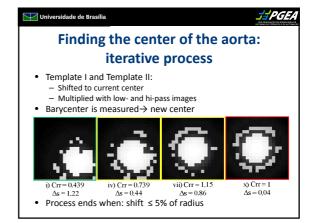


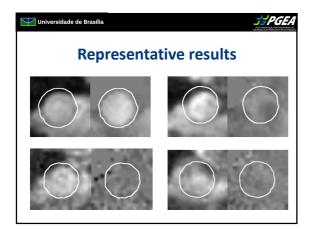


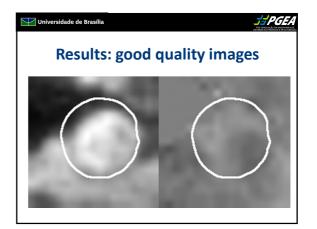


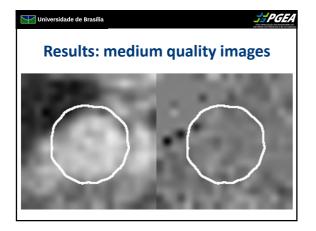


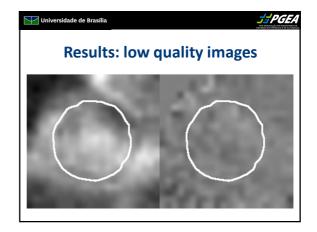


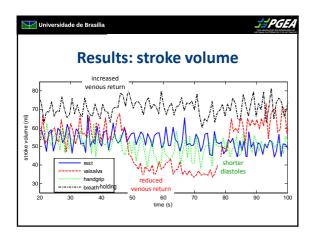


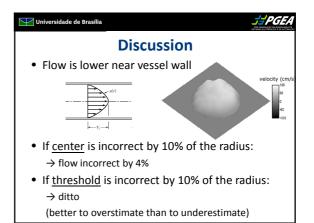












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Conclusions

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- Proposed algorithm
 - Model-based approach: segments a Gaussian-like image
 - Attempts to separate the flow, not to segment the lumen
- Tracking and segmentation seems visually good

 Considerably improved over our first attempts
 - <u>Next:</u> comparison with segmentation by specialists
- Demonstrated beat-by-beat stroke volume measurement
- Real-time MRI has strong potential for non-invasive measurement of SVV

